

# The Chelsea Standard.

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CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1893.

WHOLE NUMBER, 234

## THE CHELSEA STANDARD

An independent local newspaper published every Friday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turnbull block, Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.  
**BY O. T. HOOVER.**  
Terms:—\$1.00 per year in advance. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

**OPERATIVE, PROSTHETIC AND CERAMIC DENTISTRY** in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth. Nitrous oxide and local anesthetics used in extracting. Permanently located.  
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Office over Kempf Bros.' Bank

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Prop. of The "City" Barber Shop. Kempf Bros. old bank building.  
CHELSEA, MICH.

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Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur.  
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CHELSEA MICH.

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Having been admitted to practice as Pension Attorney in the Interior Department, is now prepared to obtain pensions for all ex-soldiers, widows, etc., entitled thereto. None but legal fees charged.

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Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.  
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A graduate of U. of M., will be in Chelsea every Monday and Tuesday each week to practice Dentistry. I am prepared to do work with skill in all the branches of Dentistry, viz. Crown and Bridge work, Gold, Alloy, Amalgam and other fillings. Silver, Aluminum and Rubber dentures. Prices reasonable. Office over Glazier's Drug Store.

Chelsea

## Savings Bank

Chelsea, Michigan.

Capital Paid In, \$60,000.

tends to its customers every facility banking and solicits your patronage.

Hon. S. G. Ives, President.  
Thos. S. Sears, Vice-President.  
Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.  
Theo. E. Wood, 1st Asst. Cashier.  
Ernest Walsh, 2d Asst. Cashier.

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S. Sears Wm. J. Knapp  
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## FARMS FOR SALE

Do you want to buy a Good farm at a Low Price, and on easy terms?

I have three nice farms, and will give you a Great bargain, as I want to sell them.  
Come and see me if you have an idea of buying a farm. It will pay you.

**Geo. P. GLAZIER,**  
Chelsea, Mich.

## WORLD'S FAIR LETTER.

Special Correspondence.

Ten million people! Such, in round numbers, is the vast army of sightseers who have paid to enter the fair during the first four months of its existence, and the crowds are still coming at the rate of \$150,000 a day.

These figures are particularly gratifying to the exposition officials. When the exposition opened many were the estimates as to the number of people who would pay their way into the fair during the six months. Some enthusiasts put the number at 25,000,000. Others less sanguine prophesied 12,000,000. The more conservative put it at from 10,000,000 to 50,000,000 and it begins to look as if this latter figure will be reached.

The attendance during the month of August warrants the assertion. It began with somewhat over half a million for the first week, and increased rapidly until it reached more than a million for the fourth week. Such figures satisfy everybody.

The week ending Saturday August 20, was the first week to reach the 1,000,000 mark. All the signs point to a largely increased attendance during September and October. In the first place, these are the last two months of the fair, and everybody who has not been to Chicago will want to come now. Then these two months are known to be the best months of the year in this city so far as weather is concerned, although it is difficult to conceive of finer weather than Chicago has been having. Besides, the exposition officials, believing that visitors appreciate light amusement after sight-seeing, have arranged a series of unprecedented entertainments for every one of the sixty-one days that remain.

October 9, the 22d anniversary of the Chicago fire, has been set apart for Chicago day, which, it is fully expected, will be far and away the biggest day of the fair. Predictions of attendance run all the way from 400,000 to 5,000,000. The program will be announced in due time. Within a few days huge red posters, gotten up in the highest style of the lithographer's art, will be scattered all over the country. The railroads, it is said, will not only bring people from Illinois, Iowa, Wisconsin, Michigan at half rate or less, but will also paint the entire northwest a deep red with the illuminated posters aforesaid. At the meeting of the common council the subject of a general decoration of the city came up for discussion and met with instant approbation. It was decided to ask the mayor and council to take steps toward a general decoration of public buildings, business houses and residences on Chicago day. It is believed that the work of decoration done last October during dedication week can be surpassed and in itself prove a leading feature of the anniversary of the great Chicago fire of which the day is to be commemorative.

Montana's silver statue of justice was draped in mourning the other day. The toga that envelops the white metal likeness of Ada Rehan was enveloped in a somber garment of black and the side of the balance where the silver is placed was wrapped in black. In this way the silver men of the Montana section of the mines and mining building made known their grief, caused by recent legislative action. The crowds of sight-seers did not understand the meaning of the mourning drapery and the attendants were kept busy answering such questions, as "Why, is Ada Rehan dead?" or "Is the governor of Montana dead?" At night the crepe was taken off the statue.

The general committee having charge

of the arrangements for the Irish day celebration at the exposition have held a meeting and discussed the arrangements. Secretary John F. Keating reported advices from Irish societies from all over the country indicating a much larger gathering than was anticipated. From the list of organizations, military and civic, that have already signified their intention of taking part in the procession, he estimated that there would be between 40,000 and 50,000 people in line. The committee on music reported that a chorus of 600 voices were now in training under Prof. Ludwig for the services at Festival Hall in the afternoon. That in addition to the vocal exercises there will be music on the harp and that the chimes in Machinery Hall in the evening would play the leading national airs.

Two bare armed young men in scant costumes drew a crowd in the terminal plaza the other day. One of the young men carried a coupling of hose and the other bore a brass nozzle of the regulation fire department size. He of the hose laid his burden carefully on a square of canvas and backed off ten feet. The nozzle bearer also stepped back ten feet. Then a person with a stop watch and an air of authority said go, and the young men went. One of them seized the hose, uncoupled it with two motions and a jerk, the other young man tossed him the nozzle, and it was spun into position. The man with the stop watch said, "two and a fifth," and the two sprinters looked disgusted.

It was all just another one of Frank Millett's circus features. The two young men with the few garments were from the Kearney (Neb.) fire department. They are the "world's champion hose couplers" and yesterday they went out to break their record, which is four-fifths of a second. They failed to do this, but they did some exceedingly fast work to the vast admiration of a crowd of a thousand or more. Their best time was 1 4-5 of a second.

The men came to the fair expecting to encounter a firemen's tournament, which had been advertised, but failing to find anything of the sort concluded to give a little tournament by themselves.

### Unadilla.

Mrs. H. G. Ives is on the sick list. Mrs. A. G. Weston is visiting her sister at Fairfield.

Several parties from here attended Labor Day at Jackson.

Mrs. W. E. Moore, of Lansing, is visiting friends about here.

Rev. England preaches his farewell sermon at the M. E. church next Sunday evening.

The Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian church gives an ice cream social at the Hall next Wednesday evening.

The hotel at Gregory having been prohibited from selling intoxicating drinks, has concluded the business does not pay and has moved out.

### Great Triumph.

Instant relief experienced and a permanent cure by the most speedy and greatest remedy in the world—Otto's Cure for lung and throat diseases. Why will you continue to irritate your throat and lungs with that terrible hacking cough when F. P. Glazier & Co., sole agents, will furnish you a free sample bottle of this great guaranteed remedy? Its success is simply wonderful, as your druggist will tell you. Otto's Cure is now sold in every town and village on this continent. Samples free. Large bottles 50c.

To rise in the morning with a bad taste in the mouth and no appetite indicates that the stomach needs strengthening. For this purpose, there is nothing better than an occasional dose of Ayer's Pills taken at bed time.

## H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO.

WE open, this week, an unusual quantity of

# NEW GOODS

In every department. Have taken advantage of the inducements offered by eastern jobbers and made some very good purchases especially for our dress goods department.

## SPECIAL LOW PRICES

to early CASH buyers of DRESS GOODS, CLOAKS SHAWLS and UNDERWEAR.

Are making interesting prices on

## SUITS AND OVERCOATS

for early cash buyers.

## H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

IF YOU HAVE ANYTHING TO SELL { An advertisement in THE STANDARD will work for you Sundays and holidays, and will bring in large returns for money invested } ADVERTISE IT IN THE STANDARD

Most people don't know  
What they don't know  
And no doubt don't know  
But we want them to know.  
And by reading this they will know

THAT  
**R. A. SNYDER**

is selling the best Ladies Shoe at \$1.50 ever shown in Chelsea.

Subscribe for THE STANDARD. \$1.00 per year.

## AT CLOSING OUT PRICES



We have a few of the following articles which will be sold at closing prices

# GASOLINE STOVES

## Refrigerators, Plows, Harrows, and Sewing Machines.

Pure Paints and Oils, Pure White lead, everything in the line of Carriage Paints.

**C. E. WHITAKER.**



# THE CHELSEA STANDARD.

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher.  
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

## GOGGIN'S QUEER ACT.

### OVERRIDES HIS ASSOCIATES EN BANC.

Fourteen Killed. Twenty-eight Injured on the Boston and Albany—Disciples of Blackstone in Convention—Receiver for the Nicaragua Canal.

#### Fair Case Not Decided.

CONTRARY to all expectations the Clingman injunction case against the World's Fair was not decided Thursday. The three Judges who heard the motion failed to agree. Judge Dunne and Brentano were for the dissolution of the injunction, while Judge Goggin decided that it should stand. Though the practice is that where three Judges sit together the majority shall rule, it was the contrary which prevailed in this case. After the three Judges had taken their places on the bench, says a Chicago dispatch, Judge Goggin attempted to enter an order to continue the case for sixty days in an alleged attempt to defeat the decision secured by his two associates to dissolve the injunction. Judge Dunne, to whom the reading of the majority opinion had been entrusted, insisted on his right to do so. He read the opinion dissolving the injunction, and Judge Goggin renewed his attempt to grant a continuance. Ex-Judge Moran, representing the Exposition Company, addressed the Court, referring to the attempted continuance as "judicial anarchy." Judges Brentano and Dunne induced Judge Goggin to leave the bench, and then went into conference with the Judge in Chambers. After the conference Judges Brentano and Dunne returned to the bench and announced that Judge Goggin no longer desired them in conference with him. Judge Goggin then entered an order overruling the motion to dissolve, and refused ex-Judge Moran's request to set a date for hearing a motion to vacate that order.

#### Lawyers at Milwaukee.

THE sixteenth annual convention of the American Bar Association was called to order in Plymouth Church, Milwaukee, by President John Randolph Tucker, of Lexington, Va. There were only about one hundred delegates present, but Secretary Otis Hinkleley, of Baltimore, explained that the attendance at the opening session is always light, and that 100 or 150 more delegates were expected that evening. At 10:25 had signified their intention to be present. Immediately after the opening President Tucker read his annual address, which consisted mostly of a digest of the principal laws passed by Congress and the State Legislatures since the association's last meeting. After hearing Mr. Tucker's address, the convention proceeded to vote on thirty-one applicants for admission, whose names had been passed upon by the association council.

#### Many Go to Death.

By the collapse of a railroad bridge, one and a half miles east of Chester, Mass., Thursday afternoon, the Chicago limited express on the Boston and Albany Road, bound east, was thrown into the bed of the stream. The locomotive did not go down, but a buffet and two Wagner sleeping-cars were cast into the narrow ravine that forms the bed of the Westfield River at this point. Two ordinary passenger coaches remained on the track, one being suspended half-way over the bank. Of the 150 passengers on the train, 13 were killed outright, 1 died of her injuries early in the evening, and 28 are injured. The three cars that went down were broken almost into bits.

#### NEWS NUGGETS.

THE Peshter Lloyd reports a change imminent in the Bavarian Legislature which will involve the proclaiming of Prince Luitpold as King of Bavaria.

A ROBBER walked into the People's Bank at Wauson, Ohio, broke down a door, secured \$700 and escaped, while the bank officials and clerks were all at dinner.

PENNSYLVANIA Republicans nominated D. Newlin Fell, of Philadelphia, for Supreme Judge, and Col. Samuel Jackson, of Armstrong, for State Treasurer.

THE steamer City of Savannah, from Boston for Savannah, went ashore on the coast of South Carolina in the late storm and is a total wreck, but not a life was lost.

THE statement of the receivers of the American Tube and Iron Company shows assets of \$2,624,841.10 and liabilities of \$1,376,557.20, leaving a net surplus of \$1,247,983.90. The sum of \$56,654.03 doubtful accounts is not included in the assets.

AT the funeral of Mrs. MacSills, near Montpelier, Blackford County, Ind., the coffin had to be taken through a window, and required the strength of fourteen men to carry it. Mrs. MacSills weighed 425 pounds, and had tried every remedy to reduce her flesh.

THE Nicaragua Canal Construction Company has been placed in the hands of a receiver, because it was not able to raise money to pay its floating debt. President Warner Miller says the Maritime Canal Company, which holds the concession for the canal and is the parent company, is unimpaired.

## EASTERN.

By the capsizing of a yacht in Lake Champlain, George P. Witherbee and five companions were drowned.

OBITUARY: At Red Bank, N. J., Angelo Torriani, the opera conductor, aged 64.—At Burlington, Iowa, James Findley, of Monmouth, Ill.—At Jacksonville, Ill., Mrs. Silas Terry.

THE coast from the Capes of Delaware to Cape Cod is strewn with wrecks. Small craft had little chance to live through the furious storms. In all twenty-nine lives are known to be lost.

MRS. R. D. SHEPHERD, known on the stage as Miss Marie Prescott, died at the Hospital of the Good Samaritan in New York, Monday. She had undergone an operation during the afternoon and was not able to recover from the shock. She went to New York with her husband, whose stage name is R. D. McLean, about a week ago for the purpose of having the operation performed.

LONG ISLAND CITY, L. I., dispatch: An accident that cost the lives of fifteen people and injury to forty occurred shortly after midnight Sunday morning in the little village of Berlin, near Calvary Cemetery, in the Town of Newton. The Long Island Railroad train that left Manhattan Beach at 11:15 o'clock, was overtaken by the train that left Rockaway Beach fifteen minutes earlier. In the frightful collision that ensued the two rear cars of the five that made up the Manhattan Beach train were demolished and the middle car was overturned. Hardly one of the scores of passengers aboard these three cars escaped unhurt.

## WESTERN.

TRUXTON BEALE, ex-United States Minister to Persia, has been arrested at San Francisco for assaulting a newspaper publisher who printed an article reflecting on him.

GUSTAV SCHARFF, of Milwaukee, has confessed to drowning Mrs. Ollie King and her 6-year-old daughter, Grace, whose bodies were found in the river weighted down with stones.

GUSTAVE SCHARFF, who murdered his wife and stepdaughter at Milwaukee and threw their bodies into the river, has been sentenced to life imprisonment at Waupun penitentiary.

BENJAMIN LAUGHREY, a wealthy farmer, near Sunbury, Ohio, discovering that he had been made the victim of an adventure, took the matter so much to heart that he committed suicide.

MICHAEL RIORDAN was probably fatally injured while making a parachute jump from a balloon at Peoria. A high wind was blowing at the time and he was dashed against a building in his descent.

A NEW well only twelve feet deep, near Eau Claire, Wis., caused the death of a 10-year-old son of James Brown, who fell into it and was overcome by gas; and his mother, who tried to rescue him, was nearly suffocated.

FIVE men held up a Northern Pacific train near Livingston, Mont., and robbed the passengers of their cash and jewelry. They were unable to get into the express safe, as the messenger did not have the combination of the lock.

THE National Association of Fire Engineers concluded its session at Milwaukee, after selecting Montreal as the place for the next meeting. One of the features of the last day's session was the presentation of a gold badge to Chief Purcell, of Dublin, Ireland, by Ex-Chief Taylor, of Richmond, Va., on behalf of the association.

ROBERT ARTHUR, of Greenfield, O., one of the wealthiest farmers in the county, while attempting to stop a runaway horse at the New London Fair, was thrown against a fence, receiving fatal injuries. At the same time a guy pole fell against Artie Hoffstaller, son of Daniel Hoffstaller, striking him on the head and killing him.

COL. E. A. MCNAIR, one of Duluth's pioneers, died suddenly from heart failure. He was eating supper when seized, and he died before medical aid could be rendered. Col. McNair went to Duluth from Davenport, where he was prominent both in business and social life. He was, while there, a director of the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad.

THERE was a small riot when work was resumed on the North Side sewers at Denver. The contractor had arranged to pay \$1.40 for eight hours' work and a number of men took up their picks and shovels when time was called. The crowd of strikers who are holding out for \$1.75 per day immediately set upon the men in the trench and after a lively skirmish drove them off.

DR. GEORGE A. FLIPPIN, a well-known colored man of Lincoln, Neb., began suit in the District Court against M. H. Everett, J. O. Everett, and M. J. Marshall, the managers of the plunge in the Sulpho-Saline bath house in that city, because the defendants had refused him, because of his color, the right to swim in the waters. He claims that this is a violation of the civil rights act.

JUDGE RICKS has made an order allowing the receiver of the Ann Arbor Railroad Company and Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, to settle the \$300,000 damage suit brought by the railroad company against Chief Arthur during the late trouble. Arthur agrees to pay \$2,500 and the costs in this case, and also the costs in the case of the Ann Arbor against the Pennsylvania and other connecting lines that were brought into the affair.

MGR. SATOLLI being in Cincinnati, a

committee from among the creditors of Archbishop Purcell, deceased, waited on him and demanded an adjustment of the greatest unsecured personal indebtedness the world has ever known. By organized effort, and with the best legal advice, the creditors have succeeded in ten years in recovering barely 6 per cent. of the \$4,000,000 owing them. Satolli suggested to the delegation the form of a letter which will be prepared and forwarded to Rome.

SUNDAY night four masked men dressed in rough backwoodsman's clothes called at the premises of Elias Goetting, five miles southwest of Northfield, Minn. He is a bachelor 50 years old, living on the edge of the big timber. A raid was made on the house where he was supposed to be sleeping, but he had moved into his granary. Repairing there they smashed in the door. Goetting heard them when they came to the house and was prepared. With a pistol and musket he attacked the gang and wounded one of the party. The men fled, carrying the wounded man with them. The affair is the outcome of a school district feud of two years' standing.

In a short but bloody battle Saturday afternoon between a score of Chicago policemen and an angry mob of nearly 1,000 idle men the bluecoats put their assailants to flight and scattered them to the four winds with broken heads and bruised limbs. The battle was fought within the shadow of the City Hall and was the climax of the daily parades of unemployed men that have been taking place for nearly a week. The last parade, which culminated in a bloody riot, was entirely broken up, and no more will be permitted. Five officers were injured in the riot. At least a dozen of the rioters were badly beaten by the officers' billies. Two of the ringleaders, Victor Horovitz and Joseph Wenzel, had their scalps laid open by policemen's clubs and were captured. Four or five of the rioters were captured, but refused to give their names. Within ten minutes after the outbreak the mob was dispersed and invisible, and beyond a small army of bluecoats in the vicinity of the city hall there was no sign of the recent battle. The trouble was precipitated by a U. S. mail wagon trying to cross the line of parade.

## SOUTHERN.

TWO masked men visited the house of J. N. Bolles, a farmer, near Pulaski, Tenn., at night, and after subjecting him and his wife to torture, a sum of \$1,000, which had been withdrawn from the bank and concealed under the carpet, was given up.

A WIFE murder and suicide were committed at New Orleans, La. Before his failure five years ago, Nathan Friedlander married Miss Miriam Friedman, and their one child is 3 years old. Ill-usage caused the wife to take steps for a divorce. Learning this Friedlander renewed his persecutions. Tuesday he shot her dead, one bullet wounding the little baby in Mrs. Friedlander's arms. Friedlander then placed his pistol's muzzle in his mouth, sent a bullet through his brains, and fell dead over the bodies of his wife and child.

A FIGHT occurred between the people of Coahuila, Mexico, and the impressed Galan troops at Puerto del Carmen. The Galan men were driven off. The loss is put at one hundred and twenty men killed on both sides, but the Galanites lost most heavily. The fight was brought about by the commander of the Galanites sending a messenger to the commander of the Cardenistas asking him why he ran away from a fight, adding that no Federal troops should take part. The practical answer was the dispatch of a small body of Cardenistas to meet their opponents, at whom they fired and retreated. The decoy succeeded. The Galanites pursued till within the ravine, when the main body of the Cardenistas attacked and routed them. Gov. Garza Galan has been summoned to Mexico City.

THE city of Savannah, Ga., presents a scene of desolation. Death and disaster have marked the path of the terrific cyclone which raged along the coast Monday night. The ruin at quarantine is immeasurable. Nothing is standing where one of the finest stations on the South Atlantic was located a few hours ago, except the doctor's house, and how this weathered the fearful gale is miraculous. The wharves are gone, the new fumigating plant which has cost the city so much money is in the bottom of the sea, and nine vessels which were waiting there for release to come to the city are high and dry in the marsh and no doubt will be total wrecks. The Cosine was the only vessel which managed to keep afloat. The tug Paulson arrived, bringing up sixty passengers from Tybee. That place is reported entirely destroyed, with great loss of life.

## WASHINGTON.

SENATOR SQUIRE has introduced a bill authorizing the extension to Alaska of the provisions of the law appropriating money for the maintenance of agricultural experiment stations.

SUCCESSIVE amendments of 16, 17, 18, 19, and 20 to 1 were defeated Monday in the House on the silver vote, and the Wilson bill for unconditional repeal passed by a vote of 240 to 110.

THE Senate has settled for good that it will not admit Senators appointed by Governors where the Legislature fails to elect. The understanding at Washington is that special sessions will be called in Montana, Wyoming, and the State of Washington to fill the vacancies.

THE Treasury Department at Washington began paying out gold Friday for all checks presented. The Treasury, because of its small receipts and large expenditures, has exhausted its

paper supply money. The Treasury books showed \$97,000,000 gold reserve, and a net balance of \$11,000,000, this balance being composed almost entirely of subsidiary coin.

## FOREIGN.

THE Hungarian Minister of Agriculture estimates the wheat crop of the world at 2,279,000,000 bushels, against the official average for the last ten years of 2,280,000,000 bushels. The product of the United States is estimated at 397,250,000 bushels, a surplus of 69,518,000 bushels.

THE situation of affairs in Bangkok is very unsettled. The negotiations between France and Siam are practically at a standstill, and no date has been fixed for a resumption of diplomatic correspondence. Siamese commercial interests are attacked in a vital point by the new demands made by the French government, and it is not believed that Siam can assent to them.

IN order to exercise greater pressure upon the Siamese Government to compel a compliance with their latest demands the French are threatening a return of their gunboats. The foreign residents are loud in their indignation at the policy pursued by the French Government. A report received to the effect that the French are fortifying Chantlun tends to increase the anxiety with which the situation is viewed in Bangkok.

CHOLERA is still raging all over Russia. For the last fortnight the following returns are given: Government of Podolia, 1,178 new cases and 423 deaths; Government of Tula, 253 new cases and 78 deaths; Government of Varslov, 290 cases and 28 deaths. Within the last three days 171 new cases and 24 deaths have been reported in the city of Moscow, and in the city of Kertsch, during the last five days, 69 new cases and 23 deaths have been reported.

## IN GENERAL.

CORRIGAN, IVES & Co. have attached the Buffalo iron mine for \$420,000. There are previous attachments, secured by the Northwestern Railroad, by unpaid miners and others.

A MOST distressing drowning accident occurred at Sloop Island, near Parry Sound, Ont., by which Mrs. John B. Miller, wife of the President of the Parry Sound Lumber company, and her eldest son, Clausen, both lost their lives.

CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW will receive a million dollars by the will of a Cuban planter who is suffering from an incurable complaint. Eighteen years ago Mr. Depew loaned the Cuban \$500 to develop an invention for crushing cane sugar.

FOLLOWING is the standing of the clubs of the National League:

	W.	L.	Pc.	W.	L.	Pc.
Boston.....	73	32	.695	Cincinnati.....	50	53 .485
Pittsburgh.....	60	44	.590	Baltimore.....	48	57 .457
Philadelph'ia.....	40	44	.577	St. Louis.....	47	58 .448
Cleveland.....	46	45	.549	Chicago.....	43	62 .410
New York.....	54	49	.524	Louisville.....	40	60 .400
Brooklyn.....	33	61	.510	Washi'g't'ns.....	37	68 .352

R. G. DUN & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says:

The improvement observed last week has become much more distinct and general. While actual transactions have increased but little, the change in public feeling is noteworthy. There are fewer failures, either of banks or of important commercial or manufacturing concerns, than for some weeks past. Many disasters have been avoided by a more general pooling of resources and a greater spirit of mutual helpfulness and forbearance than were seen some weeks ago.

LATEST news from the Peary arctic expedition is rather discouraging. On Aug. 5 Lieutenant Peary was at Nain, Labrador, and had failed in his efforts to purchase dogs, without which the expedition can do nothing. He offered 40 cents each, but the Esquimaux would not sell for less than \$4 and \$5 each. As the party is now a month behind its schedule time and the Falcon is certain to be frozen up the future of the expedition is problematical.

## MARKET REPORTS.

CHICAGO.		
CATTLE—Common to Prime	\$3.25	@ 5.25
HOGS—Shipping Grades	3.75	@ 6.00
SHEEP—Fair to Choice	3.10	@ 3.75
WHEAT—No. 1 Spring	61½	@ 62½
CORN—No. 2	37	@ 38
OATS—No. 2	23	@ 24
RYE—No. 2	43	@ 45
BUTTER—Choice Creamery	24	@ 25
EGGS—Fresh	13½	@ 14½
POTATOES—New per bu.	43	@ 55

INDIANAPOLIS.		
HOGS—Choice Light	3.00	@ 5.75
SHEEP—Common to Prime	3.00	@ 3.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	56	@ 57
CORN—No. 2 White	47	@ 41
OATS—No. 2 White	27	@ 28

ST. LOUIS.		
CATTLE	3.00	@ 5.00
HOGS	3.00	@ 5.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	59	@ 60
CORN—No. 2	33	@ 34
OATS—No. 2	23	@ 24
RYE—No. 2	45	@ 50

CINCINNATI.		
CATTLE	3.00	@ 4.75
HOGS	3.00	@ 5.75
SHEEP	3.00	@ 3.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	59	@ 60
CORN—No. 2	33	@ 34
OATS—No. 2	23	@ 24
RYE—No. 2	45	@ 50

DETROIT.		
CATTLE	3.00	@ 4.75
HOGS	3.00	@ 5.75
SHEEP	3.00	@ 3.75
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	59	@ 60
CORN—No. 2	42	@ 42½
OATS—No. 2 White	29	@ 30

TOLEDO.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	60	@ 60½
CORN—No. 2 Yellow	39	@ 41
OATS—No. 2 White	25	@ 26
RYE—No. 2	45	@ 47

BUFFALO.		
WHEAT—No. 1 Hard	69	@ 70
CORN—No. 2 Yellow	44	@ 45
OATS—No. 2 White	31	@ 32
RYE—No. 2	49	@ 51

MILWAUKEE.		
WHEAT—No. 2 Spring	58	@ 59
CORN—No. 3	37	@ 38
OATS—No. 2 White	26½	@ 27½
RYE—No. 1	45	@ 46
HARLEY—No. 2	56	@ 58
PORK—Mess	12.75	@ 13.25

NEW YORK.		
CATTLE	3.50	@ 5.25
HOGS	3.00	@ 6.25
SHEEP	3.00	@ 3.50
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	68	@ 69
CORN—No. 2	45½	@ 46½
OATS—Mixed Western	31	@ 32
BUTTER—Creamery	26½	@ 27½
PORK—New Mess	16.00	@ 17.00

## AN ORGANIZED GANG.

### SYSTEMATIC RAID ON POST OFFICES.

A Mob Dispersed and a Mass Meeting Addressed at Chicago—Kansas Militia Middle—Col. Davis Should Have Remembered Sammy Weller.

#### Robbing Uncle Sam.

THE postoffice inspection department in Chicago received a telegram from Sparta, Wis., stating that the postoffice in that town had been entered by burglars and the safe blown open with dynamite, the robbers securing postal cards to the value of \$265, besides \$330 in stamps and \$92 in cash. Inspector Stuart says that the robbery of country postoffices within a radius of a few hundred miles of Chicago is becoming alarmingly prevalent, and he feels somewhat disturbed over the prospect. Not long since he broke up a dangerous gang of professional postoffice thieves and burglars having headquarters in Chicago, sending two or three of the ringleaders to the penitentiary. He is satisfied, however, that other gangs have been organized. He is not yet certain that they have headquarters in Chicago, but is disposed, from many little pointers in his possession, to think that such is the case.

#### Disturbance in Chicago.

THE Chicago police were again called upon Wednesday to clear the Lake Front of a multitude of unemployed. The mob of 7,000 persons were put to rout by a mere handful of police, whose victory was short and triumphant. While the fighting lasted, however, it assumed a serious aspect, and for a time it was thought that the entire reserve police force would have to be called out. The trouble started while an unknown speaker was exhorting the sullen crowd to arms. He advised each individual member to secure a revolver and enforce his demands for work or bread, and to kill any person opposing. This fiery tirade, together with a few invectives hurled at the upholders of law and order, caused the police officials present to adopt serious measures.

#### BREVITIES.

THE trial of John Wagner at San Francisco, charged with the murder of Trobert Ojilvie, ended in the acquittal of the defendant.

THE local land office at Beaver, Ok., has been discontinued and its business transferred to the Woodward Land Office, in the Cherokee Outlet.

WILLIAM NEWBY or Daniel Benton, convicted of pension fraud at Springfield, Ill., has been sentenced to two years' imprisonment at Chester.

THE Washington National Bank case at Tacoma has been decided in favor of Controller Eckels, who will take charge of the bank through a receiver.

THE eastern and western coal sales agents have decided that the September output shall be 3,000,000 tons instead of 2,750,000, as previously reported.

IN the Builders' Exchange, Cincinnati, a man stepped up to the safe, and while members were asking who he was he walked off with a package containing \$1,700.

THE body of a man about 50 years old, supposed to be that of Richard Leither, of Chicago, was found at St. Louis Tuesday. A box of rough rats was found near the body.

COL. WILLIAM B. DAVIS, a wealthy old citizen of Marshall County, Kentucky, committed suicide because a widow had got a judgment against him for \$600 in a suit for breach of promise.

THE official count of cash in the United States Treasury, necessitated by the transfer of the office of United States Treasurer from E. H. Nebecker to D. W. Morgan, was completed Tuesday, and Treasurer Morgan signed a receipt for \$740,817,419.784. The count was begun on May 31.

MISSOURI had its celebration at the World's Fair Wednesday. A reception was held all day long at the State Building, and at noon there was a procession of the live stock of Missouri in the live stock pavilion which was viewed by many thousands of people. The special features of the day were the exercises in the Missouri State Building at 2 o'clock.

A MASS meeting, regularly called, of Chicago's unemployed laboring men, Wednesday, was addressed by speakers of national prominence, among whom were Bishop Fallows, Miss Kate Field, Henry George, Samuel Gompers, and Father McGlynn. All deprecated the turbulent actions of recent meetings and parades, and counseled organization.

IT is reported that the court martial at Topeka has found Col. Hughes "guilty as charged," and sentenced him to thirty days' imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$200. Col. Hughes was removed from the command by Gov. Leawell for refusing to interfere with his regiment in the legislative squabble last winter. Kansas Republicans are excited by the finding and threaten to batter down any jail in which Col. Hughes may be confined.

THE Cream City Glass Company, at Milwaukee, has made an assignment. The assignee's bond is \$80,000.

TWO HUNDRED persons were made homeless by a fire at Paris, which destroyed property valued at 2,000,000 francs.



HUNDREDS ARE LOST.  
MIGHTY HARVEST OF DEATH IN THE SOUTH.  
Ruin Wrought on Every Side—Scores of Lives Destroyed by the Angry Element—Southern Coast Striven with a Hurricane's Wreckage.  
Work of the Wind.  
As communication becomes established with that part of the South devastated by the furious hurricane of Sunday and Monday, more complete details of the awful visitation are made known. Many places where the storm was most severe are not reached by telegraph, and reports from these points are necessarily slow and inaccurate. The cyclone flew through Port Royal, S. C., at the rate of 100 miles an hour, and was followed by a tidal wave that almost swept the town away. One hundred lives are said to have been lost here. At the time this is written Port Royal is completely cut off from the outside world, as all the telegraph wires are down and the railroad tracks washed away. Even the people themselves have no idea of the extent of damage done. The messenger was unable to give the exact number of lives lost, but without overestimating says that over 100 persons were killed and drowned. He saw himself thirty dead bodies. Others are being recovered, and many are still missing. The suffering and misery the storm has caused cannot be pictured nor the damage to property be estimated. Most of the drowned are negroes.  
The people of Beaufort and Port Royal were apprehensive in regard to the fate of St. Helena, a small island four miles from Beaufort. They were unable to hear a single word from there. There were twenty-five lives lost between Port Royal and Seabrook, a small station only four miles from the harbor, all of them negroes, who were on plantation hands. Houses were blown down and carried in every direction, and almost a tidal wave covered the town to a depth of ten and twelve feet. Only meager reports have been received from other points near Beaufort, and it is feared that many more negroes have been killed. The Alma Cummings, a large boat loading at the Sea Island Chemical Works, was swept from its moorings and badly injured. The pilot boat Palmetto, tied up at Port Royal docks, was blown to pieces and finally sunk a few yards from its moorings. Every house in Port Royal and Beaufort was seriously damaged.  
Lives Lost by Hundreds.  
A passenger train of the Atlantic Coast line reached Richmond, Va., from Charleston, S. C., having been delayed twenty-four hours by the storm. E. B. Beddinacauld, the Southern Express Company's messenger, who was in Charleston during the storm, says that the battle of wind and rain began with terrific force at one o'clock on Sunday afternoon and continued without cessation until Monday morning at seven o'clock. While the record of death and ruin wrought by the great disaster of 1885 remains unbroken, Charleston stood in the track of this cyclone which has shaken the old city to her foundation stones. The total damage to property cannot be told for some days, and the loss of life is unknown. Not fifty yards' space was left in the streets that did not contain debris of all kinds—roofs of houses, signs, awnings, telegraph poles, etc., which were scattered in all directions during the storm.  
It is reported that five hundred persons have been drowned on the sea islands, but this report cannot be verified. The sea islands skirt the coasts of North and South Carolina, Georgia and Florida.  
Storm at Savannah.  
At Savannah, Ga., the storm, which had been predicted by the weather bureau for several days, began early in the afternoon and, according to dispatches, increased from then on until it reached the climax between 11 and 12 o'clock at night, having lasted for eight hours. The storm and rain ceased for while in the afternoon. It began again with terrific force and the work of destruction reigned supreme and lasted until midnight, when the storm spent its fury. All the wharves along the river front and ocean steamship companies and Savannah, Florida and Western Railroad wharves were under water. The city streets were impassable on account of debris and fallen trees, twisted roofs, masses of brick masonry, and broken limbs and branches. It is difficult at the time this is written to estimate the damage as the result of the storm, but it was very general, and it is safe to say it will go up in the hundreds of thousands and perhaps higher. Nearly if not quite all the property owners in the city have been damaged to some extent and some the amount of thousands. Fourteen persons are known to be lost, and this will certainly be augmented when details come to hand. There are forty or fifty persons who are reported missing, and it is supposed, as nothing has been heard from them, that their bodies will be found later on. Twelve boats and barkentines which were anchored off quarantine station were blown high upon the island, and some of them were carried by the storm across the marshes into an island twenty miles distant from the quarantine station.  
The ruin at quarantine is immeasurable. Nothing is standing where one of the finest stations of the South Atlantic was twenty-four hours before, except the doctor's house, and how this shattered the fearful gale is miraculous. The wharves are gone, the city a smoking plant, which cost the city much money, is in the bottom of the sea, and nine vessels which were waiting there for release to go to the north are high and dry in the marsh. No doubt will be total wrecks. The only vessel which was damaged to keep afloat. It is reported that eight of the crew of a ter-

rapin sloop which went ashore on the south end were drowned. All the bath houses are gone, the Knights of Pythias' club house was washed away, two of the cottages of the Cottage Club are also gone. The Ranch and Rambler club houses were wrecked and the railroad track is cleaned out. The water swept with tremendous force over the island, railroad tracks being carried from 300 to 500 feet.  
The people of Savannah and at Brunswick had warning of the coming storm and took to flight. But for this loss of life would have been terrible. Whole rows of houses were wrecked and everything in the path of the wind went down. The known property loss is already over \$1,000,000.  
Hayco in the East.  
At Baltimore not since the big flood of 1868 has such a deluge of water invaded the city. The wind blew a gale all the afternoon, damaging all movable property. Mountainous seas were piled up and rolling in the basin. The waves spread over the wharves and flooded the streets and buildings adjacent. Men rowed around in boats from store to store in the lower part of the city carrying merchants and clerks to their places of business and removing valuable goods and books. The streets resembled lagoons rather than business thoroughfares. The wharves were completely submerged, if not destroyed.  
New York, Philadelphia, Boston and other cities suffered to a greater or less extent. Along the Coney Island beach everything has been swept away, and the roofs of many big buildings were carried for blocks.  
The storm seems to have had its origin in a cyclone arising in the West Indies and from there swept along the Atlantic coast in a northeasterly direction for a distance of nearly 1,500 miles.  
RAIN FAILS TO FALL.  
Hot and Dry Weather Continues in Many Regions—Crop Conditions.  
Washington dispatches in speaking of the weather and crops during the past week say that hot and dry weather continued in the Ohio valley, where the crops have been injured in many sections by continued drought. Frosts were reported in Wisconsin, which must have caused some damage. The weather was more favorable in the Northwest. Crops were generally improved in the States to the west of the upper Mississippi, while the conditions were unfavorable in the States of the Ohio Valley and Tennessee. In the Southern Rocky Mountain districts the season is reported as the most satisfactory for years, while in the Northern Rocky Mountain districts the ground is dry, crops need rain, and the ranges are in poor condition. The week was dry throughout the central valleys, except in portions of Kansas and Nebraska. Over the greater portion of the region named crops are much in need of rain, and especially from the lake region southward to the east Gulf coast.  
The West India hurricane which passed inland from Florida to Northern New England caused great damage to growing crops in Eastern Georgia, South Carolina, and portions of North Carolina and Virginia. Generous rains occurred in North Dakota and portions of Minnesota, but the week was drier than usual from the Rocky Mountains westward to the Pacific coast. Alabama reports cotton picking getting along favorably, but the crops are in need of showers. Northern Georgia reports that corn has been injured by droughts.  
CORN CROP IS POOR.  
The Farmers' Review Gives the General Outlook as Discouraging.  
The Farmers' Review, which is generally recognized as authority in the matter of crop conditions, this week contains the following:  
Corn—Since our last report the condition of corn has continued to deteriorate. One in nine of the correspondents in Illinois report the crop in good condition. Two-ninths report fair. Over 60 percent of all the counties report the outlook as very discouraging. In Indiana there has been a great decline in condition, and in only a few counties will there be an average crop. In three-fourths of the counties the crop is estimated at less than 75 percent of the normal, and in many cases falls below a half crop. In Ohio not one correspondent reports a good prospect, but about one-third report fair. In the others the condition is from poor to very bad. Michigan reports a better outlook, the conditions being about evenly given at good, fair, poor. In Kentucky half of the correspondents report fair and good the others poor. Missouri has a good prospect for corn, the condition being good in more than two-thirds of the counties. In Kansas 25 percent report good, 35 percent fair, the rest poor. Nebraska reports good in 35 percent of the area, fair in 24 percent, poor in the rest. Iowa will have a large crop, nearly all counties being reported at fair, good and very good. The general condition is good in Wisconsin and Minnesota and fair in the Dakotas.  
Potatoes—The average condition of the potato crop is poor in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, Kansas, Nebraska, Minnesota, Wisconsin and the Dakotas. It is nearly fair in Kentucky and Iowa; good in Missouri.  
Pastures—Pastures are in very bad shape in Illinois, Indiana, Ohio, Michigan, Kentucky, Kansas, Iowa and Wisconsin. In Missouri, Nebraska, Minnesota and the Dakotas the pastures are still fair.  
NEWBY DENIED A NEW TRIAL.  
The Case Will Go to the Supreme Court of the United States.  
At Springfield, Ill., Judge Allen overruled the motion for a new trial made by the defense in the celebrated Newby case. A motion for arrest of judgment was likewise overruled, and the court then sentenced the convicted man to two years at hard labor in the Chester penitentiary. An appeal was allowed, and the case will thus go to the United States Supreme Court. Ex-Attorney General McCartney has been engaged to carry the case up. Pending the appeal the defendant will go to prison. He takes the outcome indifferently. Grand Army men are taking a deep interest in the case, and Department Commander Blodgett has authorized Fairfield Post to appeal to other posts for aid in raising a fund to defend Newby.  
The Lewis Sharp Commission Company, of St. Louis, has filed suit against Vance & Barrett, of Chicago, for \$2,478.68, growing out of the Cudahy failure.

ACRES ARE IN ASHES.  
RUIN WROUGHT BY THE SOUTH CHICAGO FIRE.  
Many Families Destitute of Shelter, Food and Clothing—Thieves Pillage the Terror-Stricken People—Money Lost Not So Great as Reported.  
A Blackened Way.  
Late reports say that the loss from the terrible fire which nearly swept the village of South Chicago off the earth will be at least one-fourth less than was estimated during the progress of the conflagration. The official report of the police is that 131 houses were burned in place of 200 or 250 as reported first. One who is familiar with the character and cost of the structures said that the average cost of the burned dwellings was \$1,500, and that they were mostly insured. A conservative estimate of the losses on buildings, exclusive of the larger ones, churches and the like, is \$195,500. It seems impossible, however, to get anything like an accurate statement as to the amount and value of property destroyed. By the time the cooler estimates of the fire were complete the total losses were figured like the sums given below:  
LOWEST ESTIMATE.  
131 buildings at Louis Frey's estimate of average cost of \$1,500..... \$196,500  
German Lutheran Church, 91st street and Superior avenue..... 11,000  
Zion's Lutheran School, 91st street and Superior avenue..... 3,500  
First M. E. Church, Superior avenue, between 90th and 91st streets..... 5,000  
Sunday Creek Coal Company, George K. Edwards' estimate..... 50,000  
A. T. Thatcher estate coal plant, Harbor avenue and river..... 25,000  
Total..... \$291,000  
HIGHEST ESTIMATE.  
131 buildings at George K. Edwards' estimate of average cost of \$2,000..... \$266,000  
German Lutheran Church at 91st street and Superior avenue..... 11,000  
Zion's Lutheran School at 91st street and Superior avenue..... 3,500  
First M. E. Church, on Superior avenue, between 90th and 91st streets..... 5,000  
Sunday Creek Coal Company, Superintendent L. H. Bullock's estimate..... 175,000  
A. T. Thatcher estate coal plant, Harbor avenue and river..... 25,000  
Total..... \$505,500  
Various rumors were current as to the origin of the fire, which those best informed declared was caused by a small bonfire built by the children of Conrad Papp, who lived at 142 Ninety-first street. In some manner a spark from this bonfire fell upon some hay which was stored in a barn in the rear of Papp's house. A hot breeze from the northwest had blown steadily all day, and everything was like tinder. When the flames were seen bursting through the roof of the barn, the combustible material with which the Papp residence was surrounded proved to be ready fuel for their progress, and it was evident from the start that a serious blaze was inevitable. The flames were spread rapidly by the flying sparks in every direction, and seeing that the surrounding property was in imminent danger, Captain Wilson at once turned in a 4-11 alarm.  
Another theory is that 9-year-old Birdie May, daughter of John May, who lived at 9048 Superior avenue, started the conflagration while at play in the yard of Patrick Tulley's house in the rear of William Giles' residence at 159 Ninety-first street. It is said that the child threw away a burning piece of paper she had lighted and it lodged under the porch of the Tulley house, setting the rubbish on fire, the flames from which caught the house. Mrs. Tulley barely escaped from the house with her two children. From there the fire spread to the Giles' house and soon through the entire burned district.  
Nearly one hundred and forty buildings went down before the flames like straw in a furnace, and an immense district, twenty acres in extent, is all that remains in blackened and distorted ugliness of what was the site of a multitude of happy and contented homes. Immense lumber yards and huge coal sheds vanished before the fierce onslaught of the fire, and hundreds of South Chicago's population stood panic stricken and appalled around the charred fragments of their former homes. Utter desolation prevailed among the homeless. Women and children roamed the streets until 3 o'clock in the morning. Some of them were given shelter by kind neighbors. Others slept on the bare ground in back yards and vacant lots. Children were crying for food and their parents had hope to give them. The community seemed paralyzed by the misfortune that had overtaken it.  
If the stories of the homeless ones around those ruins are to be believed the excitement attending the fire was made the occasion of wholesale robbery. Men with wagons drove up to the houses nearest the fire, coolly loaded on their vehicles everything portable in the places and drove away in spite of the protests of the rightful owners.  
SINGLE TAX CONGRESS.  
Advocates of That Doctrine Meet at the Art Palace, Chicago.  
A congress in which much interest is centered met at the Art Palace in Chicago. It was the single tax congress. Advocates of the doctrine of equal tax on all land and that nothing should be taxed but land were there and listened to speeches by the most noted advocates of that belief. Henry George, the Rev. Edward McGlynn, Jerry Simpson, and others nearly as well known were in attendance. Henry George spoke on "The Single Tax." The Rev. Mr. McGlynn followed him. His subject was "The Single Tax and the Church." The relation of single tax to the temperance question, the commercial crisis, education, the press, sanitary reform, and many other measures were discussed. The women advocates of single tax met in hall 3 and several female speakers were heard.

WILSON BILL PASSED.  
ALL AMENDMENTS REJECTED BY DECIDED MAJORITIES.  
Full Attendance and Great Interest Mark Proceedings—Silverites Discouraged Upon the First Ballot—Reed in a Gaudy Suit—New Member.  
How It Was Done.  
Washington correspondence:  
The temper of the House on the silver question was clearly shown Monday when the voting began upon the amendments contemplating different ratios of coinage, and the Sherman-law-repealing Wilson bill itself.  
Following are the results:  
Ratio of 16 to 1..... Yeas. 143 Nays. 102 Maj. 102  
Ratio of 17 to 1..... 109 248 148  
Ratio of 18 to 1..... 102 243 141  
Ratio of 19 to 1..... 103 237 134  
Ratio of 20 to 1..... 119 222 103  
Bland-Allison act..... 136 213 71  
Wilson repeal bill..... 240 103 131  
Most of the members of the House were in their seats at 10 o'clock. The surrounding corridors and lobbies of the floor were also filled with a throng of people curious to know the outcome of the oratorical contest which has been going on within the chamber for fourteen days. Even those fortunate enough to become possessed of seats in comparative quiet found it impossible to maintain any degree of comfort, for the atmosphere was hot and muggy; heavy clouds lowered over the city, and there was no breath of air stirring.  
The Leaders Appear.  
The leaders of the House attracted attention as they came on the floor, Mr. Reed being particularly noticeable because of his suit of Kentucky jeans, enlivened by a red four-in-hand scarf. Gen. Tracy and Mr. Bland were busily engaged in conference with their lieutenants, preparing for the decisive count of votes. Lafe Pence, the enthusiastic populist from Colorado, earnestly assured Amos Cummings, of New York, that the end was not yet, despite the defeat of the advocates of free coinage. Bourke Cockran did not appear until after the Speaker's gavel fell, but Messrs. Harter, Raynor, and T. M. L. Johnson, anti-silverites, buzzed and beamed with the anticipation of victory.  
After the reading of the journal John M. Weaver, of New York, who had not before taken his seat, appeared at the bar of the House on the arm of a colleague and was sworn in by the Speaker.  
The resolution contained in the order of procedure on the silver question was reported by the Clerk, providing for a vote first upon free coinage of silver at the present ratio of 16 to 1, the second for free coinage at the ratio of 17 to 1, the third at the ratio of 18 to 1, the fourth at the ratio of 19 to 1, and the other at the ratio of 20 to 1. The sixth question on the order calls for the revival of the Bland-Allison law of 1878, which was repealed by the Sherman law of 1890, and the last is on the Wilson bill to repeal the Sherman law in terms as follows:  
So much of the act approved July 14, 1890, as directs the Secretary of the Treasury to purchase from time to time silver bullion to the aggregate amount of 4,500,000 ounces, or so much thereof as may be offered in each month at the market price thereon, not exceeding \$1 for 37 1/2 grains of pure silver, and to issue in payment for such purchase treasury notes of the United States, be and the same is hereby repealed. But this repeal shall not impair nor in any manner affect the legal tender quality of the standard silver dollars heretofore coined, and the faith and credit of the United States are hereby pledged to maintain the parity of the gold and silver coin of the United States at the present legal ratio or such other ratio as may be established by law.  
Voting on Amendments.  
The Wilson bill having been read, Mr. Bland offered his amendment—that of free coinage at a ratio of 16 to 1—and it was defeated by a vote of yeas 124, nays 226, amid applause from the anti-silver men, who had rallied one more majority than they expected.  
Not nearly as much interest was taken in the second vote, which was on the ratio of 17 to 1. The decisive vote on the 16 to 1 ratio seemed to dishearten the silver men, and in place of the attention which was paid to the first, was substituted a listlessness which spread throughout the hall. The ballot resulted in the defeat of the amendment by a vote of yeas, 100; nays, 240. The Populist members did not vote. The other standards were defeated and the Wilson bill passed in regular order.  
The members who stood by silver under the Bland-Allison act, but who finally voted for unconditional repeal were: Alderson (Dem.), Black (Dem., Ga.), Brats (Dem.), Brookshire (Dem.), Bunn (Dem.), Conn (Dem.), Donovan (Dem.), Doolittle (Rep.), Edmunds (Dem.), Hare (Dem.), Holman (Dem.), Hunter (Dem.), Lawson (Dem.), Lester (Dem.), Linton (Rep.), Marshall (Dem.), McCreary (Dem.), McMullin (Dem.), Meredith (Dem.), Montgomery (Dem.), Oates (Dem.), O'Ferrall (Dem.), Paschal (Dem.), Paynter (Dem.), Pendleton (Dem.), Post (Rep.), Price (Dem.), Richardson (Dem.), Ritchie (Dem.), Russell (Dem.), Stone (Dem.), Swanson (Dem.), Taylor (Dem.), Tucker (Dem.), Turpin (Dem.), Tyler (Dem.), Weadock (Dem.), Whiting (Dem.).  
Engineering.  
The first society of civil engineers was formed in London, 1793.  
CLEGG and Samuda, in 1838, patented the first pneumatic railroad.  
THERE are many stone bridges in China dating from 1000 B. C.  
In 1847 all London houses were compelled to connect with sewers.  
NEARLY 100 different machines have been invented for boring rock.  
THE ideas of American bridge builders have been copied all over the world.  
THERE are over seventy miles of tunnels cut in the solid rock of Gibraltar.  
THE first large iron bridge in the world was built over the Severn in 1771.

MIRROR OF MICHIGAN.  
FAITHFUL RECOUNTING OF HER LATEST NEWS.  
Criminal Foolishness of a Bell-Boy—Several Fatal Accidents—Mrs. Burns Shot Peter in the Legs—Diphtheria Raging in Presque Isle County.  
From Far and Near.  
MAPLE CITY, Leelanaw County, boasts of three frosts already this summer.  
PETER HILL, employed in the stove mill at Algonac, was fatally injured in a pulley.  
HENRY CALL, of Mason, 15-year-old son of Postmaster Call, was killed in a runaway.  
THE Grand Rapids Democrat and the Evening Press both advocate an issue of city bonds of small denominations.  
THE Menominee River Boom Co. has this season sorted about 240,000,000 feet of logs, 65,000,000 less than during the same time last year.  
NEAR East Jordan a number of large black and brown bears have lately been seen. They were so tame that they were at first mistaken for dogs.  
THE Treasurer of Lansing is quite a successful financier. He collected \$1 taxes on a dog from a man who doesn't live in Lansing, and doesn't own a dog.  
A SCAFFOLD at the M. E. Church at Sault Ste. Marie fell and eight workmen were precipitated to the ground. All were injured, but only Amos Healy was killed.  
A DEMENTED woman was found in the woods near Harrisville. She has considerable money, is well dressed, about 50 years of age, but does not disclose her identity.  
AN insane man from Escanaba, who was placed in the cooler at Iron Mountain, attempted to set fire to the building by igniting his bed clothes. The smoke was noticed just in time to prevent his being suffocated.  
ITALIANS and other foreigners in the Upper Peninsula are preparing to return to their native land on account of the difficulty of finding work there. Two hundred of them will leave Iron Mountain within the next two weeks.  
TWO DRUNKEN Indians were seen rowing off the Chenaux islands. They were quarreling. One of them picked up an oar and struck the other over the head. The latter fell overboard and was drowned. No arrests were made.  
BURGLARS attempted to blow open the safe in the depot of the Minnesota, Sault Ste. Marie and Atlantic Railroad at Manistique. They had everything ready and were about to light the fuse when they were frightened away by an officer who happened around that way.  
A YOUNG man named Kamp, living in Ray Township, Macomb County, while driving was thrown out of his wagon by the horses running away, and both wheels passed over his chest. Several ribs were broken and he was injured internally. He will probably recover.  
THERE are eleven cases of diphtheria in Metz Township, Presque Isle County. There have been eight deaths. In one house there are two corpses and three children sick with the disease. Alpena has quarantined herself by placing an officer on every road leading to the city.  
MR. AND MRS. PETER BURNS, of Indian River, do not live together, and when Peter called upon his wife to get a change of clothing she told him to be off. He insisted upon entering the house, and she tickled his legs with bullets until he ran. A surgeon only found two, but she fired at him four times, which was pretty good shooting for a woman.  
JACOB NATHAN, a bellboy in an Alpena hotel, took a Winchester rifle which had been left in the baggage room out of its case and, not knowing it was loaded, pointed it at Charles Nacker, the porter, who was just entering the room. The latter sprang to one side and cautioned the boy to be careful. Nathan, believing there was no danger, then pointed the gun at another bellboy named David Ormand and pulled the trigger. The ball struck Ormand near the top of the shoulder, going through and knocking him down. The wounded boy is doing nicely now, and no fatal results are expected.  
A LITTLE St. Ignace girl, 5 years of age, swallowed a single stramonium seed and it kept a doctor busy for five hours to keep the death angel out of the house.  
Work on the Alpena and Northern Railroad is progressing in good shape. Thirty miles of road has been graded and the rails have been laid on over three miles.  
LANSING has got rid of the Bentley gang, but the thieving goes on just as merrily. Two stores were entered Friday night and small sums stolen from the tills.  
SAM SETTER and Ole Johnson both fell off a wagon on which they were riding near Frankfort. The wheels passed over both. Sam was killed and Ole was dangerously injured.  
GERALD TOLAN, of Escanaba, aged 4 years, fell eighteen feet from a clothes reel and landed squarely on the normal summit of his anatomy. He was unconscious all night, but finally came around, and the doctor says he will be all right in a few days.  
MICHIGAN is one of the best fruit States in the country, and probably holds the first place, quality and variety considered. Its exhibit at the World's Fair is a disgrace to the State and would be for a State the size of Rhode Island. It should be made creditable to the State or at once closed. With the exception of apples, Michigan is loaded with fruit.



# THE CHELSEA STANDARD

CHELSEA, FRIDAY, SEPT. 8, 1893.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

The stores of the H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co. are receiving a new dress this week.

St. Mary's church, Pinckney, will hold a grand picnic at that place on Saturday, September 16th.

Remember New England and pink and while at the Town Hall to-night. Admission 5 cents. Refreshments 10 cents.

A tallow candle, cut in short pieces, wrapped in tissue paper and placed with furs or flannels is said to keep away moths.

Cards are out announcing the marriage of Herman Fletcher to Miss Anna Steinbach, to take place Wednesday, September 13th.

School opened Monday last with 304 pupils enrolled, divided among the various grades as follows: 1st grade, 34; 2d grade 23; 3d grade, 32; 4th grade 33; 5th grade 37; 6th grade 36; 7th and 8th grades 45; 9th grade 28; high school 36.

Jas. Bachman has informed us that he intends to start his evaporator in a short time, and that he will pay twenty cents per bushel for apples brought him.

Read C. H. Minnis' notices in reference to boot and shoe repairing. Mr. Minnis says that he is here to stay. His shop is under Eppler & Barth's market.

Dogs mutilated twenty-five sheep for Will Whitaker one night this last week. Will is on the war path and if he finds that dog, there is going to be a scrap.

Witness the "New England Kitchen scene" at the Town Hall this (Friday) evening. "Pink and white" will be conspicuous. Mrs. Hubbell and Miss Whitecomb will entertain with vocal solos.

Died, at the home of her daughter in Reading, Mich., on Friday, September 1, 1893, Mrs. Francis Martin, aged 74 years. Deceased was the mother of C. S. Martin, and a sister of Thos. S. Sears, of Chelsea.

In F. P. Glazier & Co.'s advertisement last week one of the figures in the price of molasses dropped out, making it appear that they were selling that article for 5 cents per gallon. It should have read 25 cents.

Sunday last while returning from church, a team belonging to Thos Young, of Lyndon, ran away, throwing out the occupants of the vehicle. They were somewhat dazed by the forcible manner in which they met mother earth.

The big swamp several miles south of this place, is burning, over three hundred acres having been already burned over. It is rumored that the fire started through someone's carelessness in burning Canada thistles. About one hundred men are at present on the scene.

The people of Lima Center held an ice cream social Wednesday evening at the Town Hall for the benefit of their pastor. A very large number were present and as a result the reverend gentleman received nearly twelve dollars, some of the best ice cream he ever ate plus a great deal of pleasure.

The ladies of the Congregational society made Mrs. H. M. Woods a farewell visit last Monday evening. They left a beautiful present in token of the regard in which she is held. Mr. and Mrs. Woods leave for Ann Arbor next week where they will make their home. The best wishes of a host of friends go with them.

Mrs. Zang, mother of Mrs. C. Spiranagle, died this (Friday) morning at her home in this place, aged 67 years. Mrs. Zang rode from Hillsdale to this place Thursday, and only felt exhausted by the ride, as is natural, but about six o'clock this morning Mrs. Spiranagle, who was carrying her breakfast to her room, found her gasping for breath, and in a few moments was dead.

Mrs. G. A. BeGole gave a party at her home last Saturday evening for the friends of Miss Jennie M. Woods, who left for Ann Arbor Monday.

The M. C. R. R. will run an excursion train to Chicago next Tuesday, September 12th. Rate, one fare for round trip, tickets good for ten days.

Mr. Alfred Lammers and Miss Hanora Mary Marsh both, of Grass Lake were married at St. Mary's church, by Rev. W. P. Considine last Tuesday morning. Mr. Henry Lammers and Mrs. Mary Marrinane attended the happy couple. Mr. and Mrs. Lammers went at once to house-keeping in Grass Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Welch entertained the M. E. C. O. D. last Friday evening at progressive dominoes, in honor of their guest, Miss Edith Gilbert, of Sandy Hill, N. Y. The first prize was taken by Saxe C. Stimson, who won fourteen games, and the other by Miss Annie Bacon, who won but six games.

The C. L. S. C. will meet at the home of the Misses VanTyne, on Monday evening, September 11th, at 7 o'clock. All who wish to join the circle, are invited to attend. In clubs of five or more, The Chautauqua can be secured at \$1.80 per year. Subscribers will please hand in their subscriptions at this meeting.

The dates of the only fair in Washtenaw county have been changed to October 11th, 12th and 13th. Horse races, bicycle races and other amusements are being arranged for, and the managers are bound to have the best fair that has ever been held here. You will have to come to Chelsea to take in this, the companion piece to the great Columbian Exposition. Remember the dates.

Washtenaw is honored with a large number vice presidents for the Michigan days at the World's Fair, September 13 and 14. The following is the list of Washtenaw vice presidents: Ex-Governor Alpheus Felch, Congressman J. S. Gorman, President James, B. Angell, Judge Thomas M. Cooley. Mrs. James B. Angell is one of the lady vice presidents. Ex-Gov. Felch has been put on the programme for a short address.—Argus.

We would advise our readers who are using either gasoline or kerosene stove in their cooking or for other purposes, to read their insurance policy and see what it says about those fuels. If it does not permit you to use them, get a permit to do so. This is imperative, for if you do not have it and lose your home and contents through it, you would have to work hard collecting any insurance, for their use is strictly prohibited without a permit from the agent of the company to do so, and then under certain conditions. A little precaution may save you money and litigation.

Last Monday night while one of the motormen on the street railway was endeavoring to make the last train on the Michigan Central, having only seventeen minutes from the Washtenaw avenue end of the line, so that the car was going at its highest speed through Main street, a young man ran out about ten feet ahead of the car and laid down across the track. The motorneer instantly reversed the car, turning it back to the strongest reverse power and just succeeded in stopping the car in time, when the young man arose, gave him the laugh and made off. He was intoxicated.—Argus.

Miss Ida K. Hinds, of New York City, gave a very delightful entertainment, at Town Hall, Wednesday evening. Miss Hinds is on her return trip from Chicago, where she gave a lecture last month in Woman's Building. She has crossed the continent twice and has letters and testimonials from leading clergyman and newspapers of U. S. and Canada. It is not often that the people of Chelsea have an opportunity to attend an entertainment of this class and it is to be hoped that they will avail themselves of the opportunity when Miss Hinds gives another Saturday evening by request. This entertainment, for which the tickets are only twenty-five cents, was given in New York last winter with tickets at one dollar.



J. E. Geiger, of Jackson, is in Chelsea for a few days doing scavenger work. Any wishing any work done can secure his services by dropping him a postal.

## PERSONAL.

John Hoey, of Dexter, spent Tuesday in town.

Mrs. M. G. Hill spent Monday with friends in Detroit.

Miss Anna B. Tichenor is spending a few days in Detroit.

Miss Cass, of Jackson, visited Miss Mae Wood last week.

Miss Lizzie Winters is visiting her sister in Grand Rapids.

B. E. Sparks is taking in the World's Fair this week.

Paul Minnis, of Jackson, is visiting his father at this place.

Miss Jessie Bush has gone to Ft. Wayne to attend school.

Miss Mae Wood spent the past week with friends in Jackson.

Misses Maggie and Mamie Wade spent Monday in Jackson.

A. G. Lower, of Ann Arbor, was a Chelsea visitor Wednesday.

Will Barr, of Saline, was a Chelsea visitor the first of the week.

Miss Maude E. Freer spent Sunday with her brother in Jackson.

Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Sparks were Jackson visitors Sunday last.

Miss Mabel Oliver, of Hillsdale, is visiting friends in this place.

Mrs. A. R. Welch and Miss Edith Gilbert spent Tuesday in Jackson.

Burnett Sparks and sister, Miss May, spent Sunday with friends in Jackson.

Miss May Judson, of Lansing, spent Sunday with her parents at this place.

Chas. Tarbell, of Jackson, visited his daughter, Mrs. Wm. Lehman, this week.

Frank J. Riggs and M. J. Cavanaugh are attending the World's Fair this week.

E. R. Dancer, Alfred Glenn and Max Moon are Chicago visitors this week.

Mrs. R. Bury, of Ridgetown, Ont., spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Bury.

Mrs. N. E. Widner, of Cumberland, Md., is the guest of Mrs. F. D. Buchanan.

Miss Lena Foster is spending several weeks with friends in Jackson and Leslie.

Mrs. D. H. Conrad and daughters, of Salem, are guests of friends in this place.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cowlishaw, Grand Rapids, spent Sunday with Mrs. Winters.

Miss Mary Tompkins, of Grass Lake, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Benj. Hawley.

Mrs. Frank Staffin and Mrs. Henry Fenn were Jackson visitors the first of the week.

Oliver Campbell, of Kansas City, Kan., is visiting his uncle, M. M. Campbell.

Miss Jennie and Master George Woods left for school in Ann Arbor, Monday last.

Misses Almeda Parks and Molly Howe were Jackson visitors the first of the week.

Mrs. Frank Austin, of Howard City, Wis., has been visiting relatives in this vicinity.

Miss Adah J. Prudden left for Charlotte Saturday last where she will teach this year.

Mrs. Lewis Eisenman entertained Edward and Lizzie Gerreghty, of Webster Tuesday.

Miss Florence Graham, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Freeman Sunday last.

## SPECIAL SALE

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Copper Wash Boilers, old price \$4, now \$2.50

Copper Tea Kettles, " " \$1.50 " 99c

Copper bottom Boilers, " " \$1.75 " \$1.25

" " tea kettles " " .85 & \$1 " .60

Mrs. Potts' nickel plated Sad Irons former \$1.50, now 99c.

Solid Steel Spades and Shovels, old price 75c now selling for 43c.

Cook Stoves Cheap.

Bring on your cash.

Bargains in all Departments.

HOAG & HOLMES



My wife told me to go to

## Boyds Restaurant

for my dinner when I came to town, but I thought I knew more about it than she did, so I went elsewhere, and now I wish that I had taken her advice. I'll go there next time sure.

Mr. Boyd also keeps a fine line of

## GROCERIES AND MEATS

which he sells at prices that are right. Try him

Come and try a dish of our excellent Ice Cream these few days. You will like it.

## Grain Drills AND Springtooth Harrow

at prices that will close them out. The New Steel Beam Gale Plow needs no words of praise as the reputation it has gained in all soils, under every condition, has made it a world winner. I sell all sizes.

## OUR OWN MAKE OF TINWARE

at Special Prices, and everything in our store at bargain prices.

## W. J. KNAPP

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Streeter and daughter Gertie, of Douglass county, Kan., are visiting at the home of H. C. Stedman.

Master John O'Brien has returned home after spending his vacation with relatives and friends in Ann Arbor and vicinity.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gorton and Mr. and Mrs. Francis Beeman, of Waterloo, are attending the World's Fair this week.

Mrs. Plass and daughter Winifred, who have been spending the summer at Cavanaugh, returned to their home in Detroit Tuesday.

Miss Considine, of Detroit, who has been spending a few weeks with her brother at St. Mary's Rectory, left for home last Monday.

Masters Archie and Arthur left last Monday to resume their studies at Detroit College, Detroit.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Hawley, entered Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Hawley, Napoleon, and Mr. and Mrs. A. Hawley, of Denver, Col., this week.

Mrs. Thos. McNamara, Mrs. S. van and Misses Frances Neuber Alice and Kate Gorman and McGuire are World's Fair visitors this week.

Jas. P. Bacon, A. B., left last Sunday for Cincinnati, where he has accepted the professorship of English Literature and mathematics in Xavier College, conducted by J. Fathers.



## Ayer's Pills

Are better known and more generally used than any other cathartic. Sugar-coated, purely vegetable, and free from mercury or any other injurious drug, this is the ideal family medicine. Though prompt and energetic in their action, the use of these pills is attended with only the best results. Their effect is to strengthen and regulate the organic functions, being especially beneficial in the various derangements of the stomach, liver, and bowels.

## Ayer's Pills

are recommended by all the leading physicians and druggists, as the most prompt and effective remedy for biliousness, nausea, costiveness, indigestion, sluggishness of the liver, jaundice, drowsiness, pain in the side, and sick headache; also, to relieve colds, fevers, neuralgia, and rheumatism. They are taken with great benefit in chills and the diseases peculiar to the South. For travelers, whether by land or sea,

## Ayer's Pills

are the best, and should never be omitted in the outfit. To preserve their medicinal integrity in all climates, they are put up in bottles as well as boxes.

"I have used Ayer's Pills in my family for several years, and always found them to be a mild and excellent purgative, having a good effect on the liver. It is the best pill used."—Frank Spillman, Sulphur, Ky.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

## Every Dose Effective

### WOOD'S PHOSPHODINE

The Great English Remedy.

Promptly and permanently cures all forms of Nervous Weakness, Emissions, Spermatorrhea, Impotency and all effects of Abuse or Excesses. Been prescribed over 35 years in thousands of cases; is the only Reliable and Honest medicine known. Ask

druggist for Wood's Phosphodine; if he offers some worthless medicine in place of this, leave his dishonest store, inclose price in letter, and we will send by return mail. Price, one package, \$1; six, \$5. One will please, six will cure. Pamphlet in plain sealed envelope, 2 cents postage.

The Wood Chemical Co., 151 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Mich. Sold in Chelsea by

F. P. GLAZIER & CO., Druggists

## WANTED! SALESMEN!!

To sell our choice and hardy Nursery Stock!

Many special varieties to offer both in fruits and ornamentals, and controlled only by us. We pay commission or salary, give exclusive territory, and pay weekly. Write us at once and secure choice of territory.

MAY BROTHERS, Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

Agents Wanted on salary and commission for the ONLY AUTHORIZED Biography of James G. Blaine.

By GAIL HAMILTON, his literary executor with the cooperation of his family, and for Mr. Blaine's Complete Works, "TWENTY YEARS OF CONGRESS," and his later book, "POLITICAL DISCUSSIONS." One prospectus for these 3 BEST SELLING books in the market. A. K. P. Jordan of Me. took 12 orders from first 10 calls; agent's profit \$196.50. Mrs. Ballard of N. took 15 orders, 13 Seal Russia. In 1 day: profit \$26.26. E. N. Rice of Mass. took 27 orders in 2 days: profit \$47.25. J. Partridge of Me. took 43 orders from 36 calls: profit \$75.25. E. A. Palmer of N. Dak. took 33 orders in 3 days: profit \$98.25. EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY given. If you wish to make LARGE MONEY, write immediately for terms to

THE HENRY BILL PUB. CO., Norwich, Conn.

## ABSENT MINDED

PEOPLE FREQUENTLY do ridiculous things. Real intelligent advertisers do, too, sometimes. They spend much

TIME AND MONEY trying to get business through mediums that are not well chosen and you can guess the result.

THE STANDARD IS of the sort of mediums that pay. People read the STANDARD; the advertisements are not buried—and people see them as you saw this.

FINE If you are in need of Printing of any kind call at the Standard Steam Printing House, Chelsea, Mich. Heads, Note Velopes, Receipts, Wedding Stationery, Visiting Cards, Programs, Business Cards, Dodgers, Business Cards, Auction Bills, Horse Bills, Pamphlets, Etc.

### CHURCH NEWS.

The subject for the Y. P. S. C. E. prayer-meeting for next Sunday evening is "Lessons from Paul's Life."

Subject for the B. Y. P. U. prayer-meeting next for Sunday evening is "Helping Our Pastor."—Exod. 17:12.

Last Sunday was Communion at the Congregational church. Two united by letter, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Hall.

Subject for the Epworth League prayer meeting for next Sunday is "The Things that Move Men."—1 Cor. 9:22.

Beginning with Sunday, September 17th, services will be held in St. Mary's church at 8 and 10:30 a. m. every Sunday and holiday.

### Miss B. S. Greening.

Our community was greatly surprised last Monday to hear of the death of Miss B. S. Greening, of Lyndon, a most estimable and accomplished lady, which sad event took place at her mother's home at one o'clock, Monday Sept. 4, 1893.

Miss Greening had been unwell for some time, but no one thought her illness would terminate fatally. She attended Mass in St. Mary's church three weeks ago, and even on the day she died she was able to sit up. Her untimely departure for a better world came as a sad shock to her many friends. She was always patient and resigned, and carefully used the weary moments of her illness in preparing for the great summons.

Her funeral was held last Wednesday morning from St. Mary's church, of which she was a devout member, and was one of the largest ever seen in Chelsea. The spacious and beautiful decorations of the altars, and the dim, mellow light of the waxen tapers made the scene a memorably impressive one. The pastor of the church, Rev. Father Considine, officiated at the high mass, and Rev. Father Buysse, of Jackson, an old friend of the family, preached a sermon which was singularly beautiful and appropriate. The remains, temporarily, rest in the vault awaiting final sepulture in Dexter.

Miss Greening was a woman of unusual intelligence, and greatly loved by all who knew her. Her death is an especially heavy blow to her good mother, whose solace she expected to be in her declining years. But "God doeth all things well." The tender and beautiful ministrations of the church she loved so well, fortified her soul, and she died fully resigned to God's holy will. Her mother and family have the deep sympathy of the entire community in their great loss.

"He will give the troubled rest, He will soothe the aching breast, And the dead—He keepeth best."

### Mrs. Laura Loomis.

Mrs. Laura Loomis, widow of Mr. Silas Loomis, was born at Black River, Jefferson county, N. Y., near Sackett's Harbor, May 18, 1807. Her maiden name was Perry. At the age of nineteen years she was united in marriage to her late husband, and soon after joined the Methodist Episcopal church to which she was attached to the end. With her husband and family she came to Michigan and settled in Sylvan Center in 1844. Of her children, Mrs. Cross, Mrs. Parker and Mrs. McNally, of Sylvan Centre, and Delos Loomis, of Henrietta, remain.

Thus one by one the pioneers fall. Let us who enjoy the land they helped to prepare, hold sacred their memory. The funeral service was held at the church at Sylvan Center, and conducted by Rev. L. N. Moon.

### Sylvan.

Miss Amanda Merket, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday at home.

Miss Lizzie Knoll has returned home in time for the fall term of school.

Delos Loomis came here last Friday to the burial of his mother and staid until Wednesday.

Mrs. Parker came home Wednesday from taking care of her daughter at Chelsea, Mrs. Geo. Beckwith.

Jno Minnis, of Lansing, a former resident of this place, made a few day's visit around here the first of the week.

Beckwith was in hopes that the hay fever had passed by his household. But Wednesday, asthma with all its horrors, compelled him to send for medical aid.

Our fall term of school was postponed for two weeks on account of the board of health not disinfecting the typhoid fever houses. Miss Bertha Kalmbach is to be the teacher.

Mrs. Katie King, of Williamston, came here to remove the remains of her mother, Mrs. Ames, her sister and daughter to a lot in the new grounds of our cemetery, the first of the week.

These are the times to scan the advertisements. Every dollar counts. Many of our dealers are telling you can get bargains. You want to know, so read with special care what they have to say to you. The man who says nothing, presumably has no bargains.

As an illustration of the money paid to writers as soon as they acquire a reputation, the September Cosmopolitan contains less than eight thousand words, for which the sum of sixteen hundred and sixty-six dollars was paid. Ex-president Harrison, Mark Twain and William Dean Howells are the three whose work commands such a price. The September number has more than one hundred illustrations, giving the chief points of interest in the Columbian Exposition, and the Fair is treated by more than a dozen authors. A feature of this number is a story by Mark Twain, entitled "Is He Living or Is He Dead?"

Next Wednesday and Thursday, the 13 and 14 of September, are to be known as Michigan Days at the World's Fair. On these days the people from Michigan are supposed to foreclose a first mortgage on the entire show, and accordingly a fitting program has been arranged as follows:

### WEDNESDAY.

9 a. m. Morning band contest at Mich. building.

10. Address, T. W. Palmer, pres. of the Nat'l Columbian Commission. Short talks by Ex-Govs. Alpheus Felch, Austin Blair, R. A. Alger, C. G. Luce, and E. B. Winans; also Hon. Don M. Dickinson, Pres. Angel of the U. of M., Congressman J. C. Burrows and Hon. J. A. Hubbel.

2 p. m. Instrumental and vocal concert.

4 p. m. Reception of Gov. and staff.

8 p. m. Ball and fireworks.

### THURSDAY.

8 a. m. Morning band concert.

10 a. m. Parade of the inhabitants of Midway Plaisance, reviewed by Gov. Rich.

2 p. m. Afternoon concert.

8 p. m. Grand display of fireworks by the Exposition authorities in honor of Michigan.

### A Lesson That Was Appreciated.

There is in the employ of a Maiden lane house a traveling salesman who is 6 feet tall and who is not afraid of anybody or anything. He is habitually polite, always treats other people with consideration and expects to be so treated in return.

One day the tall salesman entered a western retailer's store, politely offered his card and awaited the jeweler's pleasure. The merchant deliberately threw the card on the floor and turned away. The tall salesman was highly incensed by the insult and gently touched the jeweler's shoulder as he said in a subdued but determined tone:

"If you don't pick up that card and apologize, I will pitch you over your safe." A glance assured the jeweler that his visitor was able to carry his threat into execution. So he picked up the card, apologized and has since been a regular customer of the man who taught him to be polite.—Jewelers' Weekly.

### Senator Stewart and the Blind Beggar.

A tall, snowy bearded man, with wide brimmed soft hat and the general air of a westerner, was walking along Fourteenth street, near Union square. He noticed a blind beggar's appeal for aid. The appeal was prominently displayed on a card hanging on the beggar's breast. It stated that the appellant had lost his sight through a mine explosion in the west many years ago.

The white bearded man stopped and addressed a remark to the blind beggar, whose face brightened at the first words and broke into a smile when the gentleman shook hands with him. Dropping a coin in the tin cup that clanked like a sheep bell at the liberal donation, the venerable pedestrian pursued his path.

"That's Senator Stewart of Nevada," whispered one observer to another, "and the blind beggar once worked in the same mine with him. Two summers ago they met in the same way in this neighborhood. The senator gave generous alms, and the blind beggar was cheered by the kind words that accompanied the gift."—New York Herald.

Attention, K. O. T. M. Assessment No. 51 is now due and should be paid before September 15th. Please give this your attention. O. T. HOOVER, Finance Keeper.

### M. C. R. R. Excursions.

Annual meeting of the K. O. T. M. at Grand Rapids, September 12-15, one fare for round trip. Children half adult rate. Date of sale, 11-12, limited to return September 16th.

### She Could Never Come to Want.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York has just issued an entirely new form of policy, by which the Company will pay to the beneficiary a fixed amount each year for life, after the death of the insured. Any one who will send his age (nearest birthday) and also the age of wife or other beneficiary (nearest birthday) will receive, free, a proposal which will illustrate what can be done. The Mutual Life is the largest and oldest Life Insurance Company. Assets over \$17,000,000. Schuyler Grant, General Agent. Address, W. H. & H. C. Brearley, Managers for Eastern Michigan Number 80 Griswold St., Detroit Michigan. 10

Lost—A stick pin set with a round purple stone. Finder please leave at this office.

Take your boots and shoes to C. H. Minnis if you want them neatly and promptly repaired.

For Sale—One small chunk stove, nearly new. H. C. STEDMAN.

They say C. H. Minnis is the boss boot and shoe repairer.

For Sale—Good horses at reasonable prices. Apply to G. W. Boynton.

Try C. H. Minnis for repairing your boots and shoes.

A person is prematurely old when baldness occurs before the forty-fifth year. Use Hall's Hair Renewer to keep the scalp healthy and prevent baldness.

### Glad Tidings.

The grand specific for the prevailing malady of the age, dyspepsia, liver complaint, rheumatism, costiveness, general debility, etc., is Bacon's Celery King for the nerves. This great herbal tonic stimulates the digestive organs, regulates the liver and restores system to vigorous health and energies. Samples free. Large packages 50c. Sold only by F. P. Glazier & Co.

In all that goes to strengthen and build up the system weakened by disease and pain, Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the superior medicine. It neutralizes the poisons left in the system after diphtheria and scarlet fever, and restores the debilitated patient to perfect health and vigor.

### A Horrible Railroad Accident.

Is a daily chronicle in our papers, also the death of some dear friends who has died with consumption, whereas, if he or she had taken Otto's cure for throat and lung diseases in time, life would have been rendered happier and perhaps saved. Heed the warning! If you have a cough or any affection of the throat and lungs call at F. P. Glazier, sole agent, and get a free trial bottle. Large size bottle 50c.

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away

Is the truthful, startling title of a little book that tells all about No-to-bac, the wonderful, harmless guaranteed tobacco habit cure. The cost is trifling and the man who wants to quit and can't, runs no physical or financial risk in using No-to-bac. Sold by druggists. Book at drug store or by mail free. Address The Sterling Remedy Co., Indiana Mineral Springs, Ind.

### The Trouble Over.

A prominent man in town exclaimed the other day: "My wife has been wearing out her life from the effects of dyspepsia, liver complaint and indigestion. Her case baffled the skill of our best physicians. After using three packages of Bacon's Celery King for the nerves, she is almost entirely well." Keep your blood in a healthy condition by the use of this great vegetable compound. Call on F. P. Glazier & Co., sole agents, and get a trial package free. Large size 50c.

Business School of Albion College, Albion, Michigan.

Complete business, penmanship, shorthand and typewriting courses. Instruction, in English, music and art. Large library, reading room and fully equipped gymnasium free. Lecture course extending through the year. Experienced teachers. Tuition reasonable. Living expenses \$2 to \$3 per week. Students secure positions. For full information and special catalogue address Chas. L. McClellan, Supt. Fall term begins Sept 26, 1893.

## MICHIGAN DAY

AT THE

## WORLD'S FAIR.

THE

## MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Will run Special Trains and sell Excursion Tickets to Chicago, from all Stations in Michigan, at One Fare for the Round Trip as per route of ticket.

See special announcements, and apply to Ticket Agent for particulars.

### Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, s. s. At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Washtenaw, held at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, on Thursday, the 17th day of August, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

Present, J. Willard Rabbitt, Judge of Probate, in the matter of the estate of William Donner, deceased. On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Thomas Wilkinson, administrator, praying that he may be licensed to sell the real estate whereof said deceased died seized.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Tuesday, the 19th day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the Probate Office in the city of Ann Arbor, and show cause, if any there be why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof by causing a copy of this order to be published in the CHESAPEA-STANDARD, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing. J. Willard Rabbitt, Judge of Probate. (A true copy.) Wm. G. Doty, Probate Register.

### Real Estate For Sale.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. In the matter of the estate of Michael Keelan, deceased. Notice is hereby given that in pursuance of an order of the undersigned, executor of the last will and testament of the estate of said deceased by the Judge of Probate for the county of Washtenaw, on the 11th day of July, A. D. 1893, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the office of G. W. Turnbull in the village of Chelsea in the county of Washtenaw, in said state, on Monday, the second day of October, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock in the afternoon of that day subject to all incumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said Michael Keelan, the following described real estate, to-wit: All those certain pieces or parcels of land situated in the village of Chelsea, and township of Sylvan, county of Washtenaw and state of Michigan, and described as follows: Lots seven (7) and eight (8) of block three (3) James Congdon's second addition to the village of Chelsea. Also three acres of land situated on the south side of section twelve (12) and north side of section thirteen (13) in said township, the same being bounded as follows: viz: On the north by the south line of James Congdon's first addition to said village of Chelsea. On the south by the lands of Thomas Wilkinson on the east by the lands of Thomas Kelly and on the west by the lands of Barney Keelan's estate. Dated Chelsea, Mich., Aug. 15, 1893. Executor of the last will and testament of deceased.

## WORK FOR US

a few days, and you will be started at the unexpected success that will reward your efforts. We positively have the best business to offer an agent that can be found on the face of this earth. \$145.00 profit on \$75.00 worth of goods in America, being easily and honorably made by and paid to hundreds of men, women, boys, and girls in our employ. You can make money faster at work for us than you have any idea of. The business is so easy to learn, and instructions so simple and plain, that all succeed from the start. The more you take hold of the business, the more you will realize the hold of the sound reputation of one of the oldest, most successful, and largest publishing houses in America. Secure for yourself the profits that the business so readily and handsomely yields. All beginners succeed grandly, and more than realize their greatest expectations. Those who try it find exactly as we tell them. There is plenty of room for a few more workers, and we urge them to begin at once. If you are already employed, but have a few spare moments, and wish to use them to advantage, then write us at once for this is your grand opportunity, and receive full particulars by return mail. Address, TRUE & CO., Box No. 400, Augusta, Me.

## "3000 PARCELS OF MAIL" FREE

FOR 10-CENT STAMPS (regular price 25c). Your address if received within 30 days will be printed on gummed labels. Only Directory customers; from publishers and manufacturers, you'll receive, probably, thousands of valuable books, papers, samples, magazines, etc. with one of our printed address labels pasted thereon. EXTRA! We will also print and prepay postage on 50 of your label address in your Lightning Directory. I've received my 50 address labels and over 3000 Parcels of Mail. My address and name are arriving daily, on valuable parcels of mail from all parts of the world.

WORLD'S FAIR DIRECTORY CO., 138 Girard and Frankfort Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

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# AN IDYL OF HONOLULU.

A Bold Stroke for a Husband. Written for This Paper.

BY LEON LEWIS.

## CHAPTER VI.—Continued.

"And now for a serious word with you," said Bullet, as he drew his chair close to Alma's. "Has Benning proposed yet?"

"Not yet, father."

"Why don't you fetch him to the point?"

"I'm doing all I can."

"Well, you must do a little more," said Bullet, with unwonted gravity. "If this marriage does not soon take place, it will never take place at all. There seems to be a little leak somewhere. There are two or three sailors hanging around Honolulu who have seen the young man here, and who seem to know all about him. At least, they have a great deal to say, especially when they are in their cups, and I begin to fear that the secret may in some way reach Benning's ears, or at least the ears of some one who will comprehend the situation and come here and claim him. As the case stands, something must be done immediately. How can we contrive to give him a shock—an impetus in the right direction—an awaker?"

"I don't know, I'm sure," replied Alma. "unless I pretend to kill myself."

"Hush! What if he should hear you? Try to think of something practical. By the way, can you account for his coldness?"

"Certainly. He's bound up in a desire to know who and what he formerly was, who are his relatives, and how he came here, and so on."

The old sailor looked startled.

"Things are getting to a very critical pass, I see," he whispered. "Try to think of something over night that will concentrate his thoughts upon you."

The "awaker" so ardently desired by Bullet and his daughter came sooner than it was expected.

Impelled by his unrest, our hero again rambled off into the hills early in the forenoon subsequent to the conversation we have just recorded, and was absent several hours—so long, in fact that Alma again went to look for him.

Following a trail which she supposed to be Ralph's she advanced into the heart of one of those great solitudes which characterize so much of the interior of the island, when the snapping of a twig at her side caused her to start and look up quickly.

Keeri was again beside her.

The Kanaka was smiling now, but it was a grim sort of smile—one that rather convulsed than relaxed his features.

"I am glad to see you again," he said, half mockingly. "I have just been selecting a snug retreat for you in one of the hills away here to the northward."

"For me?" cried Alma.

"Yes, for you. And as I know that you will not honor it with a visit of your own accord, I shall take you thither against your wishes."

"Villain! don't come a step nearer!"

"But I will, though!"

With this he seized her.

We need not relate the details of the struggle that followed. Suffice it to say that her hands being duly secured, and a gag placed in her mouth, the girl was led away in the direction indicated by her desperate admirer.

About an hour thereafter, having come home to dinner, and experienced the double shock of finding both his daughter and Ralph absent, the old sailor conceived a lively suspicion that something was wrong, and at once took down an old musket from a peg and started for the Creeka place, to learn if any one there knew anything of these unusual absences.

To his great surprise he found the premises in question utterly deserted.

This third absence was significant in the highest degree, and it was in a perfect whirlwind of apprehension that Bullet began scouring the adjacent hills and forests.

He had not gone far, however, when he beheld a sight that brought him to an abrupt halt—Ralph Kemplin leaning against a tree and engaged in such a profound reverie as to be utterly unconscious of everything around him.

"Still thinking about his former self, I suppose," thought Bullet. "Wonder if I can't startle him into thinking of Alma?"

The case being at once stated to the young Chicagoan, he became as agitated as the old sailor cared to see him. The girl had not only been very kind to him, but had rendered him great services, especially in the matter of his new education—services for which he designed, as he had often assured himself, to always treat her as a sister.

"Yes, that cursed Kanaka has carried her off to some den in the mountains," was the assurance with which Bullet concluded his harrowing tale, "and all because she has refused his offer of marriage, and because he suspects her of being engaged to you."

This was certainly putting the case upon a footing that touched our hero closely, and the zeal with which he joined Bullet in a search for the missing girl can be imagined.

During the remainder of the day, and all the subsequent forenoon, the couple scoured the great solitudes of the interior for some trace of the missing girl and Keeri, but all in vain. It was not till the close of the second afternoon of their search that a clue was vouchsafed them, but it came at last. Just as the day was closing, and they were about to retreat from a narrow ravine into which they had descended, they saw a man emerge from a cave and look cautiously around. This man was Keeri, and the searchers

at once comprehended the situation. They retraced the Kanaka to his lair.

## CHAPTER VII.

### MARRIAGE HER ONLY PROTECTION.

At sight of Keeri, so plainly revealed and so unsuspecting of any hostile presence, the old sailor smiled grimly, and his whole frame shook with a convulsion of joy and relief.

"Cautious!" was his warning whisper. "At last we have him! We've only to finish as cleverly as we have begun."

"His presence here is a sufficient indication of his business," returned Ralph. "He's not merely hiding, but is here as Miss Bullet's jailer."

"Of course—of course. The minute you set eyes on him you know that Alma is not far distant. I dare say we are within a few rods of her person. Take care that the infernal Kanaka does not see or hear us. He'd probably sooner murder the poor child than permit us to take her from him."

By this time the Kanaka had finished his keen survey of his surroundings, without detecting the presence of the two men, and commenced making his way down an abrupt declivity toward a small stream that wound its shining course along the bottom of the narrow valley. A pall he carried in his right hand indicated clearly enough that he was seeking a supply of water for himself or for his captive.

"We have him!" breathed Bullet in Ralph's ear, as his grim smile gave place to a look of the sternest resolve. "You see the point for which he is making? From our present position we can almost drop ourselves upon him at the instant he is filling his pail. Do not hurt him any more than is necessary. He's almost crazy, you know, with his love for Alma—and it's little to be wondered at, for she's a girl of a million."

The sternness of the old sailor's countenance showed that this suggestion was more designed to influence Ralph than to spare the Kanaka.

"Do just as you see me do, my dear Benning," added Bullet, when Keeri had nearly reached the brook, "and we shall have him safe and snug in less than a minute."

The event proved the justness of the old man's calculations. At the very instant Keeri stooped beside the stream to fill his pail, the two men hurled themselves upon him.

The contest that followed, however, was as desperate as it was short. The supple Kanaka exerted himself so violently that Ralph and Bullet had to set themselves earnestly to work before he was overpowered and bound securely.

"So you've gone to keeping house in the hills, have you?" sneered Bullet, when at last the Kanaka lay panting and helpless at his feet. "Where is my daughter?"

"Don't you wish you knew, old man?" was the spiteful answer.

"We shall have to extract the desired information from him, I think," suggested Ralph, quietly. "A good sousing in the nearest pool will probably loosen his tongue."

"I dare say. Let's try it."

The two men laid hold of the Kanaka immediately, with an air which showed how earnestly they were in quest of information.

"If the water don't fetch him, we'll tie him up by the thumbs, sailor fashion," muttered Bullet, as he and Ralph bore their prisoner toward a considerable pool, which had formed at a bend in the stream. "He must tell us where Alma is or we'll souse the breath out of his body."

The determination of his captors could hardly have failed to affect the Kanaka.

"Hold on!" he suddenly muttered.

"I'll tell you where the girl is," he said, "since I have been such a fool as to allow you to nab me. She is here with me—living in one of these caves. She is now my wife, Mr. Bullet. Partly by scaring her and partly by coaxing I have induced her to marry me."

"You had better tell that to the marines," said Bullet, coldly. "I know Alma too well to credit your impudent lies. Your coaxing and threats have been equally useless."

"You forget, old man, that Alma has been betrothed to me for years," said the unscrupulous wooer, as he turned his malignant glances upon Ralph. "She has always thought everything of me, and has long been deceiving you and the young American."

"Shut up, or I'll throw you into the brook," interrupted Bullet, alarmed lest the falsehoods should have the effect intended: that of making trouble between Ralph and Alma. "All you have to do is to show us where the girl is, and we'll hear what she has to say about these matters. And the sooner you tell us where she is the better it will be for you."

Keeri bit his lips vengefully, but soon mastered his rage and mortification.

"She's up there," he muttered, jerking his head toward the spot where the two men had first seen him. "If you'll set me free I'll show you the way to our hiding-place."

Ralph and Bullet exchanged glances.

"I see no objections to setting him upon his pins," said the latter, "so long as we keep a sharp look-out upon him."

The feet of Keeri were accordingly free, and he was assisted to an upright position.

"This way," he enjoined. "If you leave me in this fix, however, you'll have to help me."

"Oh, we'll help you fast enough," returned Bullet. "Take hold of him, my dear Benning. Between us we shall be able to manage him."

The trio began the ascent of the declivity Keeri had so lately traversed, and were soon in a most difficult and dangerous spot—a narrow ledge upon the face of a precipice that towered fifty or sixty feet above the bottom of the valley we have mentioned. And then it was that the Kanaka suddenly precipitated himself against his captors with all his might, in an attempt to tumble them from this elevation into the rocky depths below. It was only by the watchfulness and vigorous dexterity of Ralph that this attempt was thwarted.

"The treacherous snake!" muttered Bullet, when he had recovered his foot. "If he does that again, tumble him down the rocks without any ceremony."

Keeri saw by the manner of Bullet that further violence would react upon himself, and that not the least credit would be given to any further falsehoods he might utter. He accordingly choked down his wrath, and assumed as resigned an air as possible.

"I've played and lost," he muttered. "But I dare say, old man, you won't kill me for thinking too much of Alma?"

"That depends upon how you have treated her," returned Bullet sternly. "Lead on to the cave."

The trio speedily reached the spot where the Kanaka had been discovered, and from this point a long and narrow opening into the rocky ledge became visible.

"This is the place," cried Bullet, after a single look around him.

His voice was followed by a scream that came, faint and echoing, from the depths of the rocky passage in question.

"It's Alma," added the old sailor, flushing with joy and relief. "We've found her."

Torches were hastily lighted, and the two men plunged into the rocky passage, which was visibly the entrance of a cavern, dragging their prisoner after them. Ere long they came to a stout door, locked and barred, which had been fitted into a casing of heavy timbers at the narrowest point of the entrance.

"Are you here, Alma?" demanded Bullet.

An inarticulate cry of joy was the first response to this query, but the words speedily followed:

"Yes, I am here."

"Safe and well?"

"Yes, safe and well."

The old sailor drew a long sigh of relief, as did Ralph. It occupied only a few moments to find the key of the door in Keeri's pocket and to use it, thus bringing the captive and her rescuers face to face.

The scene that followed was sufficiently emotional, the girl not only clinging sobbingly to her father's breast, but also throwing herself impulsively into the arms of Ralph, with joyous cries and tears. And it was not without an answering emotion that he received these grateful effusions for his share in the rescue. As he had long been oblivious of even Maida Stepp's existence, no former memory preserved him from the full effect of Alma's exaggerated gratitude. He did not love the wily girl, but he was grateful to her for all the interested kindnesses she had shown him, and he was neither so stony nor so wooden as to receive her demonstrations unmoved. To the contrary, as he found her arms thrown tightly around his neck, at that moment of joyous excitement, he became conscious of a deeper interest in her than he had ever before experienced. Even Keeri perceived that he had lost more by his violence than he had gained.

"How has the Kanaka treated you?" asked Bullet, as soon as Alma, with well-acted confusion, had withdrawn from the arms of the young Chicagoan.

"Oh, very well," replied Alma. "He has kept me a close prisoner and has tried to coax and scare me into marrying him, but he has not been particularly intrusive or dangerous."

"What shall be his punishment?"

"I think he'll be punished enough if you take good care that he does not get hold of me again," returned the scheming girl, with a stealthy glance at Ralph.

"I'll take good care for that—with Mr. Benning's aid," said Bullet. "But what a curious place the rascal fitted up for you here," he added, waving his torch around him and marking the extent and contents of the cavern. "Everything indicates that he has taken time to prepare for your long residence in this hiding-place."

"Certainly. He has been engaged for weeks in fitting up the place, and he has declared again and again that I should never leave it, unless under a solemn promise to marry him. But all his threats did not trouble me greatly, for I felt sure that Mr. Benning and you would find me."

"Touching faith!" muttered Bullet, as he drew the back of his hand across his eyes. "But in this case it was not fallacious. Mr. Benning and I have indeed found you, never again to lose sight of you in such a way as this, if human foresight can prevent it."

Leaving Keeri in the cave, so secured in well-knotted ropes that several hours would be consumed by him in setting himself free, the rescuers and Alma took their way homeward, Bullet leading the way, and the girl leaning heavily upon the arm of Ralph.

That she had suffered from her captivity was apparent at a glance, her features being much thinner and paler than usual, but the fresh air, coupled with the excitement of the hour, soon brought the color to her cheeks. An easy walk of a couple of hours brought the trio to Bullet's dwelling, where they proceeded to rest and recuperate from their fatigues and trials.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

The best rubies come from Burmah.

## THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

SERIOUS SUBJECTS CAREFULLY CONSIDERED.

A Scholarly Exposition of the Lesson—Thoughts Worthy of Calm Reflection—Half an Hour's Study of the Scriptures—Time Well Spent.

Paul at Rome.

The lesson for Sunday, Sept. 10, may be found in Acts 28:20-31.

### INTRODUCTORY.

It is an ambassador in bonds that is speaking here. In bonds, but an ambassador still. Paul never allowed his fleshly ills to rise above his divine commission. In trials, in tribulations, in good report and ill, he was ever the purposeful minister of the gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ. Here he is bound with a chain; we can almost hear it clank as he stands forth to speak to his brethren. But the next moment it is out of sight, out of sound, out of mind; and Paul, the apostle of Jesus Christ, stands before us, ever zealous for the gospel, preaching the truth so loyally, lustily that everything else is forgotten in its burning advocacy. Let us give the same priority to the message to-day. We have our bonds and imprisonments, physical, social, otherwise; but the word is not bound. Thank God for that.

### POINTS IN THE LESSON.

"Decently and in order" was one of Paul's mottoes. Here he exemplifies it. He sends and calls "the chief of the Jews" together, and presents his case. He does it at once.

There is no confusion through concealment or abatement of the truth. Paul tells the whole story, briefly but frankly. He is where he is through the malice of his own people. Yet he calls them "men and brethren." One knows not which to marvel at the more, Paul's boldness or Paul's meekness.

"For this case, therefore," says Paul, "have I called you." He reports against himself. It takes an innocent man, conscious of the justness of his cause, to do that. "Here I am," he says. "I am ready to stand and plead for myself. What is there against me?" Did Luther, at Worms, get his inspiration here?

Fettered with a hope, a prisoner of hope, indeed. "For the hope of Israel I am bound with my chain." We glance back at Haggai's prophecy: "The desire of all nations shall come." That which is the "desire of all nations" was first of all the "hope of Israel." It was what fettered Abraham, Joseph, Moses—Christ. Captives of a hope are we all, held in something of bonds here, for the hope that we have. Be true to that expectation, Christ's "henceforth expecting," for Israel's sake, for the nation's sake.

"The Jews departed." There was the great departure. There Paul and the Jew parted company. They have been apart ever since. Not of Paul but of the Jew is this separation. They are still reasoning among themselves. When will they finish the foolish dispute? When will they return to their hope? God grant that the end may soon come, the end of Hebrew doubt, the beginning of Hebrew faith; for then comes blessing for us all. The Jews went away to query and cavil. Where went Paul? He went straightway to preaching the Kingdom of God to the Gentiles. It is the program of the evangel. Bring in the fullness of the Gentiles: No man forbids. The Gentiles are ready to listen to the things concerning the Lord Jesus Christ. Fill the world with the knowledge of him. Then what? Israel! Israel! And God with us!

### HINTS AND ILLUSTRATIONS.

We have reached the last recorded chapter in the life of the apostle Paul. The account ends abruptly. Have you ever thought why? There was no inspired penman after Paul, as there was after Moses, to register his death, an incidental proof of inspiration. But abruptly ended or not, we have altogether a full narrative of a wonderful life. What do you think of Paul? Start a free inquiry. What portion or event of his life impresses you most? What seems to you his greatest deed? His greatest word? Signalize this closing lesson on the life of Paul by some stimulating reminiscences.

Ardens sed virens, burning but flourishing. Fit symbol for Paul's home career.

We were having the after-meeting, and had come to the Question Drawer. Here came the query, "Many are called, but few are chosen: what does it mean?" What could the preacher say, off-hand and briefly, than so much as this: "This whole community was invited here to church to-night; some came, more did not. All the congregation was invited to the inquiry meeting. You stayed: where are the rest? The bell in the steeple calls all who hear. It chooses and calls effectually only those who heed. Why? How? I do not know. It is after all an every day mystery."

An ambassador in bonds, every preacher of the gospel, every witness to the faith feels himself at times to be when he considers the weakness of the flesh and its oft-times clamorous weakness. Spurgeon speaks of the "minister's fainting fits," which come just before and just after public effort. And yet it is said that Canning was accustomed to speaking his best when rising in trepidation. Some one addressing a jury once, half-overcome by the trembling of the flesh, said: "Gentlemen, I declare to heaven, that if I had an enemy upon whose head I would invoke the most cruel torture, I could wish him no other fate than to stand where I stand now." You have experienced it. How overcome it? As Paul did his disabilities with the chain. He sprang at once to his theme and forgot his chain. Have you not experienced this, too?

Next Lesson—"Personal Responsibility."—Rom. 14:12-23.

"Don't Tobacco Spit Your Life Away" Is the startling, truthful title of a little book just received, telling all about *Notobac*, the wonderful, harmless, economical, guaranteed cure for the tobacco habit in every form. Tobacco users who want to quit and can't, by mentioning THE TIDINGS can get the book mailed free. Address THE STELLING REMEDY CO., Box 1280, Indiana Mineral Springs, Ind.

### An Arkansas Curio.

The largest man in the South died at Elm Springs, Ark. He was 70 years old and weighed 540 pounds. He had his coffin made two years ago, and had since used it as a granary. It held twenty-two bushels of wheat. It required twelve pall-bearers at the funeral.

E. B. WALTHALL & CO., Druggists, Horse Cave, Ky., say: "Hall's Catarrh Cure cures every one that takes it." Sold by Druggists, etc.

"I AM feeling very ill," said a patient to his physician. "Let me see your tongue," said the doctor. "It's no use," responded the patient; "no tongue can begin to tell how I feel."



## KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and \$1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

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opens the pores, the system is relaxed and nature easily responds. Drive all foul corruption out of the body now by a course of

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4 boxes 8 oz tacks for 5c.  
Saleratus 6c per lb.  
Herring 20c per box.  
6 doz clothes pins for 5c.  
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Lemons 25c per doz.

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3 cans best pumpkin for 25c.  
8 lbs rolled oats for 25c.  
Rice 5c per lb.  
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Fine Japan Tea 30c per lb.  
Two packages yeast cakes for 5c.  
Gloss Starch 6c per lb.  
Good syrup 28c per gal.  
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### Fourteen Kinds of Cake.

Haller, a famous Swiss scientist of the eighteenth century, was once well rewarded for his politeness to a fellow traveler. Some scientists find it hard to take an interest in anything except their own specialties. It was not so with Haller. His fellow traveler was a good woman from Bern. The conversation fell naturally upon the commodity for which Bern is noted—cakes.

The Bernese dame said with pride that she could make 14 kinds of cakes. What was her surprise and delight when Haller asked her how she made them? She eagerly began a recital, with copious explanations, of those 14 recipes, and she had a good listener.

Perhaps Haller regretted his rash question, but he did not show it. He listened patiently and smilingly to the end, and he and the Bernese woman parted very good friends, though he had hardly spoken a word. It is safe to say that in all his scientific researches he had not learned so much about the combination of butter and sugar and eggs.

Some time afterward he was elected to an important political office. From some quarters he received an unexpected number of votes. Then he found out that his Bernese cakemaking friend had been so impressed with the intelligence and ability of her fellow traveler that when she heard he was running for office she gave her relatives, friends and acquaintances no peace until she had secured their promise to vote for him.—Youth's Companion.

### New Application of the Proverb.

A little 5-year-old boy who had been taught by his mother to place an occasional penny in the missionary barrel with the intention of passing it in to the Sunday school superintendent on a specific day had many small deposits and was ready for the eventful day.

It is customary on such occasions for the little ones to have a verse to repeat as they pass in the little barrel which is to aid in educating the heathen. The mother of the little boy had taught him to repeat the Bible verse, "The Lord loveth the cheerful giver." The little fellow had mastered it and was ready for the occasion. An older brother, somewhat of a wag, managed to convince the little fellow that the verse he had learned was too common and that all the other children would have that verse, so he had better learn another one. The little fellow dropped the first verse and took up with the substitute proposed by his wicked brother, and when he approached the superintendent of the Sunday school, with his little barrel of pennies, he accompanied the gift by the following verse: "A fool and his money are soon parted." Imagine the face of the superintendent! The little boy thought he had performed his duty.—Boston Budget.

### Soot as a Disinfectant.

Of the many cheap and simple disinfectants proposed for the use of the people, one of the most effective is common soot. Soot is composed of pure carbon and is formed by the hot vapor of the hydrocarbon coming from burning fuel striking the cold walls of the chimney or stove-pipe and condensing thereon. It is a very light, porous and impalpable powder, and like charcoal, which is the same element in a different form, possesses the property of absorbing and retaining a wonderful amount of gas.

The great danger of disease about sewers, drains and other places is almost entirely due to gas given off by decomposing matter. If soot be sprinkled about these places, it will absorb the foul gas. When cholera was expected in Baltimore some 16 years ago, Dr. Piggott, a celebrated chemist of the time, announced that the only disinfectant with which cholera could be at all effectively combated was copperas or sulphate of iron, and he made a composition of charcoal and copperas which was said to have been invaluable in its disinfecting properties.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

### The Mechanism of the Salmon.

A salmon is marvelously adapted to the conditions amid which it lives. It can cleave through tons of water falling perpendicularly, yet its fins and its tail, which seem to hold the propelling power, are not less fragile than the wings of a bat. It can be killed without injury to its contour, and a plaster cast of it can be made, yet no mechanism can devise an instrument which will lie in the water and move as it does, and no theory of dynamics has explained either its postures in the water or its motion. Simple in its organization as it seems, its movements are as imitable by any human contrivance as the flight of a bird has proved to be.—Fishing Gazette.

# SHOE SALE

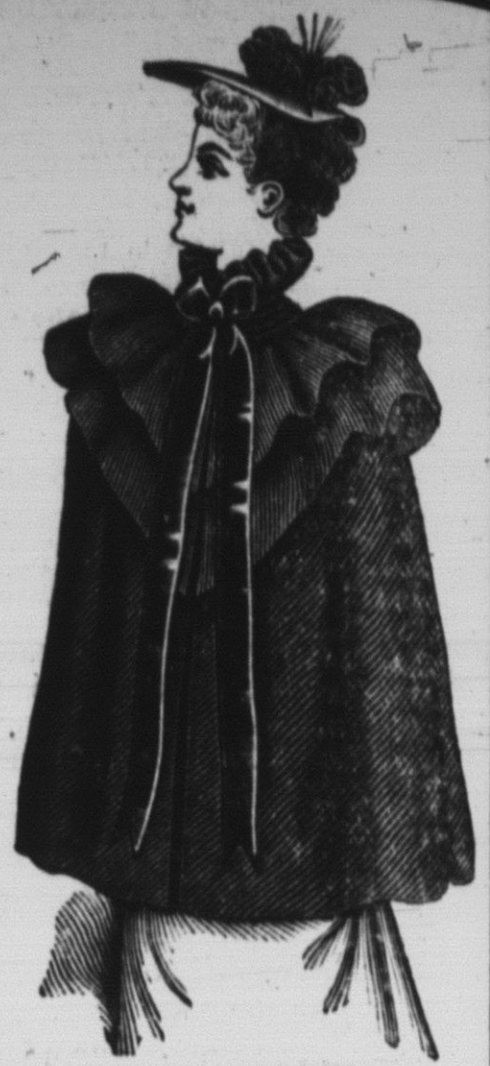
Closing out my entire  
Shoe Stock at

**COST! COST!**

See our Shoes and  
**SAVE MONEY!**

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### Twenty-five Hundred Years In Building.

It is not often that the engineering world is called upon to witness the completion of a work nearly 2,500 years after it was first projected, but such is the case with the canal through the isthmus of Corinth. Projected 600 years before Christ, agitated again 300 years later, actually begun by the Emperor Nero, it is completed in 1893.—American Engineer and Railroad Journal.

### He Wanted a Soft One.

Mr. Henpeck—My wife sent me to buy a rolling pin.

Clerk—Here is one that is made of hickory. It will never wear out or break.

Mr. Henpeck—Great Caesar, do you think my skull is made of iron?—Texas Sittings.

### Natives of the San Blas Coast.

The natives of the San Blas coast, part of the western coast of South America, have many peculiar customs. The Indian boy after his marriage becomes the slave of his father-in-law and must submit in all things to his will until emancipated by his own daughter's marriage, when he sets up his own home and becomes thenceforth master of his son-in-law. The men are very jealous of their women, and in case of war or other grave danger their first step is to kill their wives and children. They believe dreams and insanity to be the work of evil spirits, and the dreamer upon telling his dream is killed. The insane are burned alive. They allow no foreigner to sleep in one of their villages. The total population of San Blas is supposed to be about 20,000.—Exchange.

### Women and Weather.

In some parts of New England, and perhaps elsewhere, when some common impulse seems to have led all the women to go shopping or visiting, it is customary for old people to say, "Well, well, I guess it will rain tomorrow."

At sea, as might be expected, the same rule does not hold. Thus an exchange reports a nervous lady passenger as saying to a deckhand:

"Have you ever seen any worse weather than this, Mr. Sailor?"

"Take a word from an old salt, mum," says the deckhand; "the weather's never very bad while there's any females on deck a-makin' enquiries about it."

### A Register For Nerve Disturbance.

A large proportion of the ailments by which this generation are afflicted arise from nervous disturbance of one kind or another. Many of these complaints are of such a subtle nature that the physician is often puzzled in making the diagnosis, and the "chronometer" or new register for the indication of the various degrees of trembling exhibited in different diseases, promises to be of great service to science. This instrument consists of a metal plate pierced with a number of holes of different sizes in a graduated scale, and a needle which the patient endeavors to put into the holes.

When he has succeeded in placing the needle in the hole, an electric contact is made and a bell rings. Although this method of testing unsteadiness of hand appears simple, it is found reliable. The immoderate use of coffee and stimulants produces tremblings which can be accurately denoted by the appliance. One of the directions in which this invention may prove useful is in ascertaining the degree of steadiness possessed by marksmen and others, in whom stability of nerve is an absolute necessity.—New York Telegram.

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